

M.Sc. Digital Health

Pflichtmodule (DH)

Software Architectures for Digital Health (HPI-DH-SW)

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| 002 | Digital Health and Research Systems, Data Interoperability Vorlesung/Seminarr/4 | <i>Heitmann, Kai U. Thun, Sylvia Prasser, Fabian Arnrich, Bert</i> |
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Data Science for Digital Health (HPI-DH-DS)

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| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R Vorlesung/4 | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
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Scalable Computing and Algorithms for Digital Health (SCAD)

Konzepte und Methoden (HPI-SCAD-K)

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| 9 | HCI Project Seminar on Virtual Reality and Personal Fabrication Seminar/Praktikum/4 | <i>Baudisch, Patrick</i> |
| 9 | Applied Probabilistic Machine Learning Seminar/4 | <i>Richard, Hugues Renard, Bernhard Yves</i> |

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| 028 | Deep Learning for Molecular Biology Seminar/2 | <p>Rapid advances in both biology—through increased data availability and the insights derived from it—and in methods for handling high-dimensional data, such as deep learning architectures and computational resources, have created exciting opportunities for integrating these fields.</p> <p>This seminar will examine how state-of-the-art deep learning models, including CNNs, GNNs, Transformers, and Diffusion models, are applied to genome, RNA, and protein sequence analysis. We will explore how these advances are used to address key questions such as the effects of genetic mutations, protein structure and function prediction, and the design of new molecules for therapeutic purposes. The course will primarily consist of student presentations on recent, preselected publications in these areas, followed by in-depth discussions.</p> <p>Biological background is not necessary to participate in the seminar, but you will need a basic understanding of deep learning. Good English skills are required to understand and discuss current literature.</p> <p>In the seminar, each participant will give a presentation about a predefined topic within the research area and a short report. The final grade consists of the following parts: Oral presentation (60%) Written report (30%) Participation (10%)</p> <p>Goals: Identify current topics and open challenges in the field of artificial intelligence for molecular biology Improve your understanding of best practices in scientific research Effectively communicate complex scientific topics in this field and lead a discussion Improving presentation and writing skills</p> <p>The first three sessions will be in lecture format, providing an introduction to key biological concepts and a refresher on deep learning architectures. Following these sessions, students will give oral presentations on select scientific articles including a brief introduction to specific topics. These articles can be chosen from a list that will be presented during the initial meetings. The seminar will be conducted on-site (with a hybrid option if needed). Please register on the course's Moodle page for further information.</p> <p>Max. number of participants: 10</p> | <p><i>Renard, Bernhard Yves Rissom, Francesca Heyne, Henrike Nowicka, Melania Maria Bartoszewicz, Jakub Maciej</i></p> |
| 6 | Graphenalgorithmen Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | | <p><i>Friedrich, Tobias Skretas, Georgios</i></p> |
| 6 | Advanced Competitive Programming 2 Vorlesung/4 | | <p><i>Friedrich, Tobias Simonov, Kirill Cohen, Sarel</i></p> |
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| 8 | Advanced Machine Learning Seminar Seminar/4 | | <p><i>Lippert, Christoph</i></p> |
| 4 | Big Data Systeme Vorlesung/4 | | <p><i>Rabl, Tilmann Boissier, Martin Salazar Diaz, Ricardo Strassenburg, Nils</i></p> |
| 020 | Data Processing on Modern Hardware Projektseminar/4 | | <p><i>Rabl, Tilmann Weisgut, Marcel</i></p> |

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| 069 | Einführung in die Transkriptomik | |
| | Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | <i>Kretzmer, Helene</i> |
| | <p>The transcriptome reflects which genes are actively being transcribed into RNA, offering insights into cellular processes, regulatory mechanisms, and responses to environmental changes or disease states. By analyzing the transcriptome, researchers can identify differentially expressed genes, uncover novel transcripts, and understand the functional consequences of genetic variations. This knowledge is essential for advancing our understanding of complex biological systems, developing targeted therapies, and improving diagnostic and prognostic tools in precision medicine.</p> <p>In this course, we will cover the concepts of transcriptomics, including Illumina sequencing as well as the essential computational steps in processing transcriptomic data, from quality control and alignment to normalization and quantification of gene expression. The lecture will also introduce key bioinformatics tools and pipelines used for differential expression analysis, functional annotation, and pathway analysis as well as introduce the underlying statistics.</p> <p>In addition, we will discuss the challenges of interpreting transcriptomic data, including dealing with large datasets, understanding biological variability, and integrating transcriptomic data with other omics datasets. The lecture will include some exercises that focus on applying the covered method to real-life data. In the course, we will work with bash and R.</p> <p>Content of teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand the principles of transcriptomics ● Ability to process and analyze transcriptomic data ● Conduct differential gene expression and functional analysis ● Interpret the results in a data and question specific context <p>Prerequisites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Fundamentals in calculus and basic programming knowledge (Python or R are a plus) ● Basic biological knowledge ● Knowledge of English (The lecture will be given in English, but you can ask questions in German and submit German solutions etc.) | |

Technologien und Werkzeuge (HPI-SCAD-T)

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| 003 | Understanding Graphs, Algorithms, Randomness Seminar/2 | | <p><i>Friedrich, Tobias Goebel, Andreas Verma, Shally</i></p> |
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Spezialisierung (HPI-SCAD-S)

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| 045 Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | Algorithms for Collective Decision Making | <i>Boehmer, Niclas</i> |
| | <p>This module deals with collective decision making, where a group of agents with preferences over alternatives seeks to select a compromise alternative that fairly reflects everyone's preferences. We focus on three types of collective decision making scenarios:</p> <p>Voting: Selecting one or more candidates to represent a population of voters based on their preferences over candidates.</p> <p>Resource Allocation: Fairly and efficiently distributing a set of items among agents.</p> <p>Coalition Formation: Dividing agents into teams based on their preferences for different teams.</p> <p>The course takes a primarily theoretical approach to these problems, rooted in computational social choice, a field at the intersection of theoretical computer science and economics. We study collective decision making problems from four perspectives, which are all also relevant beyond computational social choice:</p> <p>Algorithmic: How efficiently can we find a winning alternative?</p> <p>Axiomatic: Can we design an algorithm that satisfies a set of desirable normative properties?</p> <p>Game-theoretic: Can agents strategically manipulate the algorithm/outcome?</p> <p>Experimental: How do different algorithms behave in practice?</p> <p>The course will consist of three parts: Voting, resource allocation, and coalition formation, where the first part is roughly as long as the other two combined. Covered topics include:</p> <p>Voting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Single Winner Voting & Rank Aggregation: voting rules, winner determination problem, axiomatic characterizations and impossibility results, manipulation, robustness, other computational problems around elections ● Multiwinner Voting & Participatory Budgeting: Voting rules, winner determination problem, proportionality axioms, transparency, real-world instances ● Applications: clustering, proof-of-stake blockchain, deliberation, LLMs / reinforcement learning from human feedback <p>Resource Allocation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Divisible Goods: fairness axioms, Robertson-Webb model and query complexity, price of proportionality ● Indivisible Goods: fairness axioms, computing fair allocations <p>Coalition Formation/ Cooperative Game Theory</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Transferable utilities: stability concepts, Shapely value and its applications ● Non-transferable utilities: hedonic games and stable matching, stability concepts, computing stable outcomes <p>Final Exam: The planned exam mode is a ~30-minute oral exam, which will constitute 100% of the course grade. An average grade of at least 50% in the exercises is required for students to participate in the final exam but does not contribute towards the course grade.</p> <p>Exercises: Exercises will be assigned on a (bi-)weekly basis and will consist of two types: (1) Traditional problem-solving exercise sheets and (2) Readings of (parts of) research papers, accompanied by comprehension questions.</p> | |
| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
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Digitalization of Clinical and Research Processes (DICR)

Konzepte und Methoden (HPI-DICR-K)

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| 024 | Large Language Models and Computer Vision Research Seminar Projektseminar/4 | | <i>de Melo, Gerard Zhang, Jingyi</i> |
| 027 | Process Mining Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | | <i>Leopold, Henrik Weske, Mathias</i> |

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| 5 | Global Team-Based Innovation I | |
| | <p>Projektseminar/4 Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP). In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities). https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-gti-design-thinking.html This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.</p> | <p><i>Uebernickel, Falk Beermann, Vincent Enkmann, Jan Rolfes, Theresa Maria Cauderay, Virginie Wuttke, Tobias</i></p> |
| | <p>Exam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project work (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work Stakeholder management Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.) Milestone presentations (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation GTI 2: Final presentation Tangible outcomes (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-Pagers for corporate partners Intermediate prototypes Milestone documentations (40%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation GTI 2: Final documentation & videos <p>The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.</p> <p>Goals: Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future. Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors. Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.</p> | |
| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R | |
| | Vorlesung/4 | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
| 031 | Ensuring Real-World Impact: key considerations for implementing digital health solutions | |
| | <p>Seminar/2 Overview: The lecture provides an overview of the key aspects of implementing digital solutions in healthcare. The course is suitable for all students who are interested in working at the intersection of R&D and healthcare, and who want to contribute to digital solutions that lead to observable improvements in healthcare. In addition to ethical issues, the course also addresses behavioural aspects in the real-world use of digital health solutions that may compromise their benefits or exacerbate existing problems in healthcare. The course enables students to address these issues and develop their own solutions. Format: The course will consist of lectures and guest lectures (tbd), professional discussions and short group presentations. Participation in discussions will be a central part of the assessment. Physical attendance is recommended.</p> | <p><i>Naeher, Anatol-Fiete Wieler, Lothar</i></p> |
| 032 | Digital Health Systems | |
| | Seminar/4 | <p><i>Garcilazo, Lorenzo Doellner, Juergen</i></p> |

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| 6 | Health Care Economics Seminar/2 | <i>Dennett, Julia Stern, Ariel Dora</i> |
| 034 | Digital Health Spark - Igniting Need-Driven Innovation Seminar/4 | <i>Stern, Ariel Dora Pawlotschek, Frank Hahn, David</i> |
| 4 | Big Data Systeme Vorlesung/4 | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Boissier, Martin Salazar Diaz, Ricardo Strassenburg, Nils</i> |
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Content of teaching

- Understand the principles of transcriptomics
- Ability to process and analyze transcriptomic data
- Conduct differential gene expression and functional analysis
- Interpret the results in a data and question specific context

Prerequisites

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Technologien und Werkzeuge (HPI-DICR-T)

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| 024 | Large Language Models and Computer Vision Research Seminar Projektseminar/4 | <i>de Melo, Gerard Zhang, Jingyi</i> |
| 027 | Process Mining Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | <i>Leopold, Henrik Weske, Mathias</i> |

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| 5 | Global Team-Based Innovation I | |
| | <p>Projektseminar/4 Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP). In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities). https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-gti-design-thinking.html This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.</p> | <p><i>Uebersnickel, Falk Beermann, Vincent Enkmann, Jan Rolfes, Theresa Maria Cauderay, Virginie Wuttke, Tobias</i></p> |
| | <p>Exam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project work (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work Stakeholder management Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.) Milestone presentations (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation GTI 2: Final presentation Tangible outcomes (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-Pagers for corporate partners Intermediate prototypes Milestone documentations (40%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation GTI 2: Final documentation & videos <p>The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.</p> <p>Goals: Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future. Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors. Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.</p> | |
| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R | |
| | Vorlesung/4 | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
| 031 | <p>Ensuring Real-World Impact: key considerations for implementing digital health solutions</p> <p>Seminar/2 Overview: The lecture provides an overview of the key aspects of implementing digital solutions in healthcare. The course is suitable for all students who are interested in working at the intersection of R&D and healthcare, and who want to contribute to digital solutions that lead to observable improvements in healthcare. In addition to ethical issues, the course also addresses behavioural aspects in the real-world use of digital health solutions that may compromise their benefits or exacerbate existing problems in healthcare. The course enables students to address these issues and develop their own solutions. Format: The course will consist of lectures and guest lectures (tbd), professional discussions and short group presentations. Participation in discussions will be a central part of the assessment. Physical attendance is recommended.</p> | <p><i>Naeher, Anatol-Fiete Wieler, Lothar</i></p> |
| 032 | Digital Health Systems | |
| | Seminar/4 | <p><i>Garcilazo, Lorenzo Doellner, Juergen</i></p> |

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| 6 | Health Care Economics Seminar/2 | <i>Dennett, Julia Stern, Ariel Dora</i> |
| 034 | Digital Health Spark - Igniting Need-Driven Innovation Seminar/4 | <i>Stern, Ariel Dora Pawlotschek, Frank Hahn, David</i> |
| 4 | Big Data Systeme Vorlesung/4 | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Boissier, Martin Salazar Diaz, Ricardo Strassenburg, Nils</i> |
| 069 | Einführung in die Transkriptomik Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | <i>Kretzmer, Helene</i> |

The transcriptome reflects which genes are actively being transcribed into RNA, offering insights into cellular processes, regulatory mechanisms, and responses to environmental changes or disease states. By analyzing the transcriptome, researchers can identify differentially expressed genes, uncover novel transcripts, and understand the functional consequences of genetic variations. This knowledge is essential for advancing our understanding of complex biological systems, developing targeted therapies, and improving diagnostic and prognostic tools in precision medicine.

In this course, we will cover the concepts of transcriptomics, including Illumina sequencing as well as the essential computational steps in processing transcriptomic data, from quality control and alignment to normalization and quantification of gene expression. The lecture will also introduce key bioinformatics tools and pipelines used for differential expression analysis, functional annotation, and pathway analysis as well as introduce the underlying statistics.

In addition, we will discuss the challenges of interpreting transcriptomic data, including dealing with large datasets, understanding biological variability, and integrating transcriptomic data with other omics datasets. The lecture will include some exercises that focus on applying the covered method to real-life data. In the course, we will work with bash and R.

Content of teaching

- Understand the principles of transcriptomics
- Ability to process and analyze transcriptomic data
- Conduct differential gene expression and functional analysis
- Interpret the results in a data and question specific context

Prerequisites

- Fundamentals in calculus and basic programming knowledge (Python or R are a plus)
- Basic biological knowledge
- Knowledge of English (The lecture will be given in English, but you can ask questions in German and submit German solutions etc.)

Acquisition, Processing and Analysis of Health Data (APAD)

Konzepte und Methoden (HPI-APAD-K)

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| 024 | Large Language Models and Computer Vision Research Seminar Projektseminar/4 | <i>de Melo, Gerard Zhang, Jingyi</i> |
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Advanced Topics in Software Engineering: Automation and AI

Vorlesung/4

In software engineering, like many other engineering disciplines, we on the one hand want to build solutions with the best possible quality while we on the other hand must adhere to predetermined budget and time constraints. Furthermore, often not enough qualified software engineers are available. Therefore, improving the productivity during software development and operation as well as the quality of the outcomes by automating activities partially or completely using software itself has been a major area for innovations since the early days of programming and software engineering.

Nowadays, many software engineering activities benefit from a high degree of automation and very often we take that automation for granted and are hardly aware of it anymore. Also, often the considered software systems have become so complex that they can only be developed, operated, and evolved by using largely automated approaches for various software engineering activities.

Automation in software engineering has the goal to partially or fully execute software engineering activities with minimal human intervention, thereby significantly increasing both quality and productivity. Automation successfully encompasses a broad range of activities, for instance, requirements definition, specification, software architecture, software design and synthesis, implementation, modeling, testing, quality assurance, verification, validation, maintenance, evolution, configuration management, deployment, reengineering, reuse and visualization. (...)

Also artificial intelligence is nowadays used to enhance existing software systems or make new beforehand not feasible software systems possible. Therefore, software engineering activities and outcomes have to be adjusted so that software solutions can benefit from integrated features realized with artificial intelligence. This requires that a clear strategy on how to use artificial intelligence in a software is established and that all aspects of software development and operation are appropriately adjusted to ensure that the employed combination of traditional software and artificial intelligence results in the required quality.

Therefore, we will look in this course at first into the advanced development of systems using automation for software engineering including artificial intelligence as well as secondly into software engineering for the development of advanced systems that employ artificial intelligence. Furthermore, we will also investigate the operation of systems and how automation and in particular artificial intelligence can help there. Finally, we will discuss the case where automation and in particular artificial intelligence is used for development and operation and employed for the system itself at the same time.

We will in addition to the discussions in the lecture explore the key challenges also with small projects in the exercises and will collect at the beginning of the course suggestions for artificial intelligence tools to consider for the small projects or student presentations.

1. <https://www.infoworld.com/article/3489925/github-survey-finds-nearly-all-developers-using-ai-coding-tools.html>
2. <https://research.google/blog/ai-in-software-engineering-at-google-progress-and-the-path-ahead/>

Exam:

The grading process takes into account two components:
The results of the hands-on projects accompanying the lecture, with each project graded individually.

A final exam at the end of the semester. Depending on the number of course participants, the exam will either be oral or written.

Students will be required to pass both graded components. In particular, completing all hands-on projects to an adequate level is required for admission to the exam.

The final grade will either be composed of the average project grade (50%) and the exam grade (50%) OR the exam grade (100%) only, depending on which grading scheme yields a better result for each student individually.

*Giese, Holger
Barkowsky, Matthias
Adriano, Christian
Gahremani, Sona*

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| 036 Projektseminar/4 | Software Engineering with Machine Learning: Tools and Methods | |
| | <p>We will grade the group's paper report (80%) and presentations (20%). Note that the report includes documenting the experiments and the obtained results. Therefore, the grading of the report includes the experiments. During the project phase, we will require participation in meetings and other groups' presentations in the form of questions and feedback to their peers.</p> <p>In the field of software engineering, the need to balance quality, budget constraints, and time limitations are constant drivers for innovation in tools and methods. Because software engineering tasks are extremely labor intensive, automation has become a critical area of focus, aiming to improve productivity during software development and operation while maintaining high-quality code and specifications. As a result, many software engineering tasks currently benefit from automation. Meanwhile, artificial intelligence (AI) in general and various specific Machine Learning methods have been bringing new opportunities for automation. Even before the term "software engineering" was coined, AI was considered a candidate technology. Currently, AI is poised to revolutionize software development. Surveys show that over 97% of developers have used AI coding tools, and companies like Google already produce 50% of their code using AI. AI enhances existing software systems and enables previously unfeasible solutions. However, a clear strategy is essential to integrate AI effectively, adjusting all aspects of software development and operation to ensure the desired quality.</p> <p>Finally, in this project seminar, we will develop projects that explore how to advance software engineering tasks using automation and specific machine learning methods, from Large Language Models to Reinforcement Learning and Graph Neural Networks. We will also discuss in the context of the projects the particularities of software engineering for AI-driven systems and how automation and AI impact system operation.</p> <p>This project seminar is a companion of the course "Advanced Topics in Software Engineering: Automation and AI (ASE)", in a sense that the conceptual and theoretical topics will be covered in the lecture, while the project seminar will focus on more in-depth designs and prototypes. For this reason the participants in the project seminar are invited to attend the ASE lectures.</p> | <p><i>Barkowsky, Matthias Giese, Holger Adriano, Christian</i></p> |

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| 5 | Global Team-Based Innovation I | |
| | <p>Projektseminar/4</p> <p>Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP).</p> <p>In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities).</p> <p>https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-gti-design-thinking.html</p> <p>This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.</p> <p>Exam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project work (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work Stakeholder management Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.) Milestone presentations (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation GTI 2: Final presentation Tangible outcomes (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-Pagers for corporate partners Intermediate prototypes Milestone documentations (40%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation GTI 2: Final documentation & videos <p>The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.</p> <p>Goals:</p> <p>Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future.</p> <p>Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors.</p> <p>Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.</p> | <p><i>Uebersnickel, Falk Beermann, Vincent Enkmann, Jan Rolfes, Theresa Maria Caudey, Virginie Wuttke, Tobias</i></p> |
| 9 | Applied Probabilistic Machine Learning | |
| | Seminar/4 | <p><i>Richard, Hugues Renard, Bernhard Yves</i></p> |

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| 028 | Deep Learning for Molecular Biology Seminar/2 | <i>Renard, Bernhard Yves Rissom, Francesca Heyne, Henrike Nowicka, Melania Maria Bartoszewicz, Jakub Maciej</i> |
| | <p>Rapid advances in both biology—through increased data availability and the insights derived from it—and in methods for handling high-dimensional data, such as deep learning architectures and computational resources, have created exciting opportunities for integrating these fields.</p> | |
| | <p>This seminar will examine how state-of-the-art deep learning models, including CNNs, GNNs, Transformers, and Diffusion models, are applied to genome, RNA, and protein sequence analysis. We will explore how these advances are used to address key questions such as the effects of genetic mutations, protein structure and function prediction, and the design of new molecules for therapeutic purposes. The course will primarily consist of student presentations on recent, preselected publications in these areas, followed by in-depth discussions.</p> | |
| | <p>Biological background is not necessary to participate in the seminar, but you will need a basic understanding of deep learning. Good English skills are required to understand and discuss current literature.</p> | |
| | <p>In the seminar, each participant will give a presentation about a predefined topic within the research area and a short report. The final grade consists of the following parts: Oral presentation (60%) Written report (30%) Participation (10%)</p> | |
| | <p>Goals: Identify current topics and open challenges in the field of artificial intelligence for molecular biology Improve your understanding of best practices in scientific research Effectively communicate complex scientific topics in this field and lead a discussion Improving presentation and writing skills</p> | |
| | <p>The first three sessions will be in lecture format, providing an introduction to key biological concepts and a refresher on deep learning architectures. Following these sessions, students will give oral presentations on select scientific articles including a brief introduction to specific topics. These articles can be chosen from a list that will be presented during the initial meetings. The seminar will be conducted on-site (with a hybrid option if needed). Please register on the course's Moodle page for further information.</p> | |
| | <p>Max. number of participants: 10</p> | |
| 1 | Mobilkommunikation | |
| | Vorlesung/Übung/4 For details, please check Moodle. | <i>Karl, Holger</i> |
| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R | |
| | Vorlesung/4 | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
| 8 | Advanced Machine Learning Seminar | |
| | Seminar/4 | <i>Lippert, Christoph</i> |
| 4 | Big Data Systeme | |
| | Vorlesung/4 | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Boissier, Martin</i> |
| | | <i>Salazar Diaz, Ricardo Strassenburg, Nils</i> |
| 020 | Data Processing on Modern Hardware | |
| | Projektseminar/4 | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Weisgut, Marcel</i> |
| 023 | Computational Methods: Getting Data from the Internet (APIs and web scraping) | |
| | Seminar/2 | <i>Bolsover, Gillian</i> |

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| 069 Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | Einführung in die Transkriptomik | <i>Kretzmer, Helene</i> |
| | <p>The transcriptome reflects which genes are actively being transcribed into RNA, offering insights into cellular processes, regulatory mechanisms, and responses to environmental changes or disease states. By analyzing the transcriptome, researchers can identify differentially expressed genes, uncover novel transcripts, and understand the functional consequences of genetic variations. This knowledge is essential for advancing our understanding of complex biological systems, developing targeted therapies, and improving diagnostic and prognostic tools in precision medicine.</p> <p>In this course, we will cover the concepts of transcriptomics, including Illumina sequencing as well as the essential computational steps in processing transcriptomic data, from quality control and alignment to normalization and quantification of gene expression. The lecture will also introduce key bioinformatics tools and pipelines used for differential expression analysis, functional annotation, and pathway analysis as well as introduce the underlying statistics.</p> <p>In addition, we will discuss the challenges of interpreting transcriptomic data, including dealing with large datasets, understanding biological variability, and integrating transcriptomic data with other omics datasets. The lecture will include some exercises that focus on applying the covered method to real-life data. In the course, we will work with bash and R.</p> <p>Content of teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand the principles of transcriptomics ● Ability to process and analyze transcriptomic data ● Conduct differential gene expression and functional analysis ● Interpret the results in a data and question specific context <p>Prerequisites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Fundamentals in calculus and basic programming knowledge (Python or R are a plus) ● Basic biological knowledge ● Knowledge of English (The lecture will be given in English, but you can ask questions in German and submit German solutions etc.) | |

Technologien und Werkzeuge (HPI-APAD-T)

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| 024 | Large Language Models and Computer Vision Research Seminar Projektseminar/4 | <i>de Melo, Gerard Zhang, Jingyi</i> |
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Advanced Topics in Software Engineering: Automation and AI

Vorlesung/4

In software engineering, like many other engineering disciplines, we on the one hand want to build solutions with the best possible quality while we on the other hand must adhere to predetermined budget and time constraints. Furthermore, often not enough qualified software engineers are available. Therefore, improving the productivity during software development and operation as well as the quality of the outcomes by automating activities partially or completely using software itself has been a major area for innovations since the early days of programming and software engineering.

Nowadays, many software engineering activities benefit from a high degree of automation and very often we take that automation for granted and are hardly aware of it anymore. Also, often the considered software systems have become so complex that they can only be developed, operated, and evolved by using largely automated approaches for various software engineering activities.

Automation in software engineering has the goal to partially or fully execute software engineering activities with minimal human intervention, thereby significantly increasing both quality and productivity. Automation successfully encompasses a broad range of activities, for instance, requirements definition, specification, software architecture, software design and synthesis, implementation, modeling, testing, quality assurance, verification, validation, maintenance, evolution, configuration management, deployment, reengineering, reuse and visualization. (...)

Also artificial intelligence is nowadays used to enhance existing software systems or make new beforehand not feasible software systems possible. Therefore, software engineering activities and outcomes have to be adjusted so that software solutions can benefit from integrated features realized with artificial intelligence. This requires that a clear strategy on how to use artificial intelligence in a software is established and that all aspects of software development and operation are appropriately adjusted to ensure that the employed combination of traditional software and artificial intelligence results in the required quality.

Therefore, we will look in this course at first into the advanced development of systems using automation for software engineering including artificial intelligence as well as secondly into software engineering for the development of advanced systems that employ artificial intelligence. Furthermore, we will also investigate the operation of systems and how automation and in particular artificial intelligence can help there. Finally, we will discuss the case where automation and in particular artificial intelligence is used for development and operation and employed for the system itself at the same time.

We will in addition to the discussions in the lecture explore the key challenges also with small projects in the exercises and will collect at the beginning of the course suggestions for artificial intelligence tools to consider for the small projects or student presentations.

1. <https://www.infoworld.com/article/3489925/github-survey-finds-nearly-all-developers-using-ai-coding-tools.html>
2. <https://research.google/blog/ai-in-software-engineering-at-google-progress-and-the-path-ahead/>

Exam:

The grading process takes into account two components:

The results of the hands-on projects accompanying the lecture, with each project graded individually.

A final exam at the end of the semester. Depending on the number of course participants, the exam will either be oral or written.

Students will be required to pass both graded components. In particular, completing all hands-on projects to an adequate level is required for admission to the exam.

The final grade will either be composed of the average project grade (50%) and the exam grade (50%) OR the exam grade (100%) only, depending on which grading scheme yields a better result for each student individually.

*Giese, Holger
Barkowsky, Matthias
Adriano, Christian
Gahremani, Sona*

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| 036 Projektseminar/4 | Software Engineering with Machine Learning: Tools and Methods | <i>Barkowsky, Matthias Giese, Holger Adriano, Christian</i> |
| | <p>We will grade the group's paper report (80%) and presentations (20%). Note that the report includes documenting the experiments and the obtained results. Therefore, the grading of the report includes the experiments. During the project phase, we will require participation in meetings and other groups' presentations in the form of questions and feedback to their peers.</p> | |
| | <p>In the field of software engineering, the need to balance quality, budget constraints, and time limitations are constant drivers for innovation in tools and methods. Because software engineering tasks are extremely labor intensive, automation has become a critical area of focus, aiming to improve productivity during software development and operation while maintaining high-quality code and specifications. As a result, many software engineering tasks currently benefit from automation. Meanwhile, artificial intelligence (AI) in general and various specific Machine Learning methods have been bringing new opportunities for automation. Even before the term "software engineering" was coined, AI was considered a candidate technology. Currently, AI is poised to revolutionize software development. Surveys show that over 97% of developers have used AI coding tools, and companies like Google already produce 50% of their code using AI. AI enhances existing software systems and enables previously unfeasible solutions. However, a clear strategy is essential to integrate AI effectively, adjusting all aspects of software development and operation to ensure the desired quality.</p> <p>Finally, in this project seminar, we will develop projects that explore how to advance software engineering tasks using automation and specific machine learning methods, from Large Language Models to Reinforcement Learning and Graph Neural Networks. We will also discuss in the context of the projects the particularities of software engineering for AI-driven systems and how automation and AI impact system operation.</p> <p>This project seminar is a companion of the course "Advanced Topics in Software Engineering: Automation and AI (ASE)", in a sense that the conceptual and theoretical topics will be covered in the lecture, while the project seminar will focus on more in-depth designs and prototypes. For this reason the participants in the project seminar are invited to attend the ASE lectures.</p> | |

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| 5 | Global Team-Based Innovation I | |
| | <p>Projektseminar/4</p> <p>Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP).</p> <p>In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities). https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-gti-design-thinking.html</p> <p>This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.</p> <p>Exam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project work (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work Stakeholder management Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.) Milestone presentations (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation GTI 2: Final presentation Tangible outcomes (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-Pagers for corporate partners Intermediate prototypes Milestone documentations (40%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation GTI 2: Final documentation & videos <p>The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.</p> <p>Goals:</p> <p>Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future.</p> <p>Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors.</p> <p>Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.</p> | <p><i>Uebersnickel, Falk Beermann, Vincent Enkmann, Jan Rolfes, Theresa Maria Caudey, Virginie Wuttke, Tobias</i></p> |
| 9 | Applied Probabilistic Machine Learning | |
| | <p>Seminar/4</p> | <p><i>Richard, Hugues Renard, Bernhard Yves</i></p> |

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| 028 | Deep Learning for Molecular Biology Seminar/2 | <p>Rapid advances in both biology—through increased data availability and the insights derived from it—and in methods for handling high-dimensional data, such as deep learning architectures and computational resources, have created exciting opportunities for integrating these fields.</p> <p>This seminar will examine how state-of-the-art deep learning models, including CNNs, GNNs, Transformers, and Diffusion models, are applied to genome, RNA, and protein sequence analysis. We will explore how these advances are used to address key questions such as the effects of genetic mutations, protein structure and function prediction, and the design of new molecules for therapeutic purposes. The course will primarily consist of student presentations on recent, preselected publications in these areas, followed by in-depth discussions.</p> <p>Biological background is not necessary to participate in the seminar, but you will need a basic understanding of deep learning. Good English skills are required to understand and discuss current literature.</p> <p>In the seminar, each participant will give a presentation about a predefined topic within the research area and a short report. The final grade consists of the following parts: Oral presentation (60%) Written report (30%) Participation (10%)</p> <p>Goals: Identify current topics and open challenges in the field of artificial intelligence for molecular biology Improve your understanding of best practices in scientific research Effectively communicate complex scientific topics in this field and lead a discussion Improving presentation and writing skills</p> <p>The first three sessions will be in lecture format, providing an introduction to key biological concepts and a refresher on deep learning architectures. Following these sessions, students will give oral presentations on select scientific articles including a brief introduction to specific topics. These articles can be chosen from a list that will be presented during the initial meetings. The seminar will be conducted on-site (with a hybrid option if needed). Please register on the course's Moodle page for further information.</p> <p>Max. number of participants: 10</p> | <p><i>Renard, Bernhard Yves Rissom, Francesca Heyne, Henrike Nowicka, Melania Maria Bartoszewicz, Jakub Maciej</i></p> |
| 1 | Mobilkommunikation Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | For details, please check Moodle. | <i>Karl, Holger</i> |
| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R Vorlesung/4 | | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
| 8 | Advanced Machine Learning Seminar Seminar/4 | | <i>Lippert, Christoph</i> |
| 4 | Big Data Systeme Vorlesung/4 | | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Boissier, Martin Salazar Diaz, Ricardo Strassenburg, Nils</i> |
| 020 | Data Processing on Modern Hardware Projektseminar/4 | | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Weisgut, Marcel</i> |
| 023 | Computational Methods: Getting Data from the Internet (APIs and web scraping) Seminar/2 | | <i>Bolsover, Gillian</i> |

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| 069 Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | Einführung in die Transkriptomik | <p>The transcriptome reflects which genes are actively being transcribed into RNA, offering insights into cellular processes, regulatory mechanisms, and responses to environmental changes or disease states. By analyzing the transcriptome, researchers can identify differentially expressed genes, uncover novel transcripts, and understand the functional consequences of genetic variations. This knowledge is essential for advancing our understanding of complex biological systems, developing targeted therapies, and improving diagnostic and prognostic tools in precision medicine.</p> <p>In this course, we will cover the concepts of transcriptomics, including Illumina sequencing as well as the essential computational steps in processing transcriptomic data, from quality control and alignment to normalization and quantification of gene expression. The lecture will also introduce key bioinformatics tools and pipelines used for differential expression analysis, functional annotation, and pathway analysis as well as introduce the underlying statistics.</p> <p>In addition, we will discuss the challenges of interpreting transcriptomic data, including dealing with large datasets, understanding biological variability, and integrating transcriptomic data with other omics datasets. The lecture will include some exercises that focus on applying the covered method to real-life data. In the course, we will work with bash and R.</p> <p>Content of teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand the principles of transcriptomics ● Ability to process and analyze transcriptomic data ● Conduct differential gene expression and functional analysis ● Interpret the results in a data and question specific context <p>Prerequisites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Fundamentals in calculus and basic programming knowledge (Python or R are a plus) ● Basic biological knowledge ● Knowledge of English (The lecture will be given in English, but you can ask questions in German and submit German solutions etc.) | <i>Kretzmer, Helene</i> |
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Spezialisierung (HPI-APAD-S)

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| 024 Projektseminar/4 | Large Language Models and Computer Vision Research Seminar | <i>de Melo, Gerard Zhang, Jingyi</i> |
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035

Advanced Topics in Software Engineering: Automation and AI

Vorlesung/4

In software engineering, like many other engineering disciplines, we on the one hand want to build solutions with the best possible quality while we on the other hand must adhere to predetermined budget and time constraints. Furthermore, often not enough qualified software engineers are available. Therefore, improving the productivity during software development and operation as well as the quality of the outcomes by automating activities partially or completely using software itself has been a major area for innovations since the early days of programming and software engineering.

Nowadays, many software engineering activities benefit from a high degree of automation and very often we take that automation for granted and are hardly aware of it anymore. Also, often the considered software systems have become so complex that they can only be developed, operated, and evolved by using largely automated approaches for various software engineering activities.

Automation in software engineering has the goal to partially or fully execute software engineering activities with minimal human intervention, thereby significantly increasing both quality and productivity. Automation successfully encompasses a broad range of activities, for instance, requirements definition, specification, software architecture, software design and synthesis, implementation, modeling, testing, quality assurance, verification, validation, maintenance, evolution, configuration management, deployment, reengineering, reuse and visualization. (...)

Also artificial intelligence is nowadays used to enhance existing software systems or make new beforehand not feasible software systems possible. Therefore, software engineering activities and outcomes have to be adjusted so that software solutions can benefit from integrated features realized with artificial intelligence. This requires that a clear strategy on how to use artificial intelligence in a software is established and that all aspects of software development and operation are appropriately adjusted to ensure that the employed combination of traditional software and artificial intelligence results in the required quality.

Therefore, we will look in this course at first into the advanced development of systems using automation for software engineering including artificial intelligence as well as secondly into software engineering for the development of advanced systems that employ artificial intelligence. Furthermore, we will also investigate the operation of systems and how automation and in particular artificial intelligence can help there. Finally, we will discuss the case where automation and in particular artificial intelligence is used for development and operation and employed for the system itself at the same time.

We will in addition to the discussions in the lecture explore the key challenges also with small projects in the exercises and will collect at the beginning of the course suggestions for artificial intelligence tools to consider for the small projects or student presentations.

1. <https://www.infoworld.com/article/3489925/github-survey-finds-nearly-all-developers-using-ai-coding-tools.html>
2. <https://research.google/blog/ai-in-software-engineering-at-google-progress-and-the-path-ahead/>

Exam:

The grading process takes into account two components:

The results of the hands-on projects accompanying the lecture, with each project graded individually.

A final exam at the end of the semester. Depending on the number of course participants, the exam will either be oral or written.

Students will be required to pass both graded components. In particular, completing all hands-on projects to an adequate level is required for admission to the exam.

The final grade will either be composed of the average project grade (50%) and the exam grade (50%) OR the exam grade (100%) only, depending on which grading scheme yields a better result for each student individually.

*Giese, Holger
Barkowsky, Matthias
Adriano, Christian
Gahremani, Sona*

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| 036 | Software Engineering with Machine Learning: Tools and Methods | |
| Projektseminar/4 | <p>We will grade the group's paper report (80%) and presentations (20%). Note that the report includes documenting the experiments and the obtained results. Therefore, the grading of the report includes the experiments. During the project phase, we will require participation in meetings and other groups' presentations in the form of questions and feedback to their peers.</p> | <p><i>Barkowsky, Matthias</i></p> |
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| 5 | Global Team-Based Innovation I | |
| | <p>Projektseminar/4</p> <p>Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP).</p> <p>In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities).</p> <p>https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-gti-design-thinking.html</p> <p>This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.</p> <p>Exam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project work (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work Stakeholder management Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.) Milestone presentations (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation GTI 2: Final presentation Tangible outcomes (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-Pagers for corporate partners Intermediate prototypes Milestone documentations (40%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation GTI 2: Final documentation & videos <p>The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.</p> <p>Goals:</p> <p>Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future.</p> <p>Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors.</p> <p>Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.</p> | <p><i>Uebersnickel, Falk Beermann, Vincent Enkmann, Jan Rolfes, Theresa Maria Caudey, Virginie Wuttke, Tobias</i></p> |
| 9 | Applied Probabilistic Machine Learning | |
| | Seminar/4 | <p><i>Richard, Hugues Renard, Bernhard Yves</i></p> |

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| 028 | Deep Learning for Molecular Biology Seminar/2 | <p>Rapid advances in both biology—through increased data availability and the insights derived from it—and in methods for handling high-dimensional data, such as deep learning architectures and computational resources, have created exciting opportunities for integrating these fields.</p> <p>This seminar will examine how state-of-the-art deep learning models, including CNNs, GNNs, Transformers, and Diffusion models, are applied to genome, RNA, and protein sequence analysis. We will explore how these advances are used to address key questions such as the effects of genetic mutations, protein structure and function prediction, and the design of new molecules for therapeutic purposes. The course will primarily consist of student presentations on recent, preselected publications in these areas, followed by in-depth discussions.</p> <p>Biological background is not necessary to participate in the seminar, but you will need a basic understanding of deep learning. Good English skills are required to understand and discuss current literature.</p> <p>In the seminar, each participant will give a presentation about a predefined topic within the research area and a short report. The final grade consists of the following parts: Oral presentation (60%) Written report (30%) Participation (10%)</p> <p>Goals: Identify current topics and open challenges in the field of artificial intelligence for molecular biology Improve your understanding of best practices in scientific research Effectively communicate complex scientific topics in this field and lead a discussion Improving presentation and writing skills</p> <p>The first three sessions will be in lecture format, providing an introduction to key biological concepts and a refresher on deep learning architectures. Following these sessions, students will give oral presentations on select scientific articles including a brief introduction to specific topics. These articles can be chosen from a list that will be presented during the initial meetings. The seminar will be conducted on-site (with a hybrid option if needed). Please register on the course's Moodle page for further information.</p> <p>Max. number of participants: 10</p> | <p><i>Renard, Bernhard Yves Rissom, Francesca Heyne, Henrike Nowicka, Melania Maria Bartoszewicz, Jakub Maciej</i></p> |
| 1 | Mobilkommunikation Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | For details, please check Moodle. | <i>Karl, Holger</i> |
| 5 | Biostatistics & Epidemiological data analysis using R Vorlesung/4 | | <i>Konigorski, Stefan</i> |
| 8 | Advanced Machine Learning Seminar Seminar/4 | | <i>Lippert, Christoph</i> |
| 4 | Big Data Systeme Vorlesung/4 | | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Boissier, Martin Salazar Diaz, Ricardo Strassenburg, Nils</i> |
| 020 | Data Processing on Modern Hardware Projektseminar/4 | | <i>Rabl, Tilmann Weisgut, Marcel</i> |
| 023 | Computational Methods: Getting Data from the Internet (APIs and web scraping) Seminar/2 | | <i>Bolsover, Gillian</i> |

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| 069 | Einführung in die Transkriptomik | |
| Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | <p>The transcriptome reflects which genes are actively being transcribed into RNA, offering insights into cellular processes, regulatory mechanisms, and responses to environmental changes or disease states. By analyzing the transcriptome, researchers can identify differentially expressed genes, uncover novel transcripts, and understand the functional consequences of genetic variations. This knowledge is essential for advancing our understanding of complex biological systems, developing targeted therapies, and improving diagnostic and prognostic tools in precision medicine.</p> <p>In this course, we will cover the concepts of transcriptomics, including Illumina sequencing as well as the essential computational steps in processing transcriptomic data, from quality control and alignment to normalization and quantification of gene expression. The lecture will also introduce key bioinformatics tools and pipelines used for differential expression analysis, functional annotation, and pathway analysis as well as introduce the underlying statistics.</p> <p>In addition, we will discuss the challenges of interpreting transcriptomic data, including dealing with large datasets, understanding biological variability, and integrating transcriptomic data with other omics datasets. The lecture will include some exercises that focus on applying the covered method to real-life data. In the course, we will work with bash and R.</p> <p>Content of teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand the principles of transcriptomics ● Ability to process and analyze transcriptomic data ● Conduct differential gene expression and functional analysis ● Interpret the results in a data and question specific context <p>Prerequisites</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Fundamentals in calculus and basic programming knowledge (Python or R are a plus) ● Basic biological knowledge ● Knowledge of English (The lecture will be given in English, but you can ask questions in German and submit German solutions etc.) | <i>Kretzmer, Helene</i> |

Health Data Security (HDAS)

Konzepte und Methoden (HPI-HDAS-K)

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| 3 | Network Security in Practice | |
| /4 | Seminar/Praktikum | <i>Najafi, Peyman Cheng, Feng</i> |

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| 025 Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | <p>Computing on Encrypted Data</p> <p>This course offers an introduction to cryptographic techniques that enable computation over encrypted data, with a central focus on Homomorphic Encryption. We will follow a practical and engineering-focused approach: while we will touch on essential theoretical concepts, the primary emphasis will be on equipping participants with the skills needed to implement these techniques in real-world applications. The course will comprise a hands-on project where participants will apply what they've learned to develop a functional cryptographic system.</p> <p>Exam: The grading will be based on a final exam (70%) and a practical project evaluation (30%). The final exam will be oral, unless too many participant register</p> <p>Content of teaching: Definitions and model Early constructions Current, lattice-based constructions Multiparty homomorphic encryption & Secure multiparty computations Implementation</p> <p>Prerequisites: Introduction to cryptography: encryption, security property and game-based proofs. Basic discrete mathematics: modular algebra, very basic group and ring theory. Programming: current HE implementation are in C++ and Go.</p> | <i>Mouchet, Christian Lehmann, Anja</i> |
| 0 | <p>Mobile Security</p> <p>This lecture covers mobile security on an application and system level, with many hands-on exercises. Students will learn state-of-the-art security concepts for both, iOS and Android, and will be able to perform security testing of mobile apps, mobile malware analysis, as well as testing security-critical components within mobile operating systems.</p> <p>https://moodle.hpi.de/course/view.php?id=798</p> <p>This lecture covers mobile security on an application and system level, with many hands-on exercises. Students will learn state-of-the-art security concepts for both iOS and Android. They will be able to perform security testing of mobile apps, mobile malware analysis, and testing security-critical components within mobile operating systems.</p> <p>Course contents include: Threat modeling for mobile devices and apps, building mobile applications with Xcode and Android Studio, application security and testing, mobile malware capabilities and detection, operating system internals, such as inter-process communication, threads, ..., kernel and firmware security, mobile forensics, and wireless security.</p> <p>Grading is based on practical exercises and the final exam. Assignments (50%) Written exam, 90 minutes (50%)</p> | <i>Classen, Jiska</i> |

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| 018 | Kryptographie | | <i>Lehmann, Anja Dayanikli, Dennis Kenan</i> |
| | Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | Die Vorlesung gibt eine umfassende Einführung in die moderne Kryptographie und die Grundkonzepte der beweisbaren Sicherheit. Dazu werden formale Angreifermodelle definiert und die Sicherheit der vorgestellten Kryptoverfahren unter wohldefinierten Komplexitätsannahmen in diesem Angreifermodell nachgewiesen. Der Vorlesung dient auch als Grundlage für andere Kurse zur Kryptographie, die vom Lehrstuhl angeboten werden. | |

Content of teaching

- Informationstheoretische vs. Komplexitätstheoretische Sicherheit
- Symmetrische Kryptographie
 - Symmetrische Verschlüsselung
 - Pseudozufallsfunktionen
 - Message Authentication Codes (MAC)
 - Hash-Funktionen
 - Authenticated Encryption
- Asymmetrische Kryptographie
 - Diffie-Hellman Schlüsselaustausch
 - Public-Key Verschlüsselung
 - Digitale Signaturen

Die Vorlesung setzt Grundkenntnisse in Mathematik und theoretischer Informatik voraus, insbesondere müssen die formale mathematische Sprache und elementare Beweistechniken (Widerspruchsbeweis) problemlos angewandt werden können. Wenn diese Kenntnisse nicht vorhanden sind, wird empfohlen dieses Wissen vor der Vorlesung selbstständig zu erwerben, z.B. durch die Teilnahme an den Vorlesungen Mathematik I oder II (ITSE-Bachelor). In den ersten Vorlesungswochen wird es voraussichtlich auch zusätzliche Übungstermine und -materialien geben, in denen elementare Grundlagen aufgefrischt werden können.

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| 0 | Cyber Security Management | | <i>Doerr, Christian</i> |
| | Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | | |

Technologien und Werkzeuge (HPI-HDAS-T)

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| 3 | Network Security in Practice | | <i>Najafi, Peyman Cheng, Feng</i> |
| | Seminar/Praktikum /4 | | |

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| 025 | Computing on Encrypted Data | | <i>Mouchet, Christian Lehmann, Anja</i> |
| | Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | This course offers an introduction to cryptographic techniques that enable computation over encrypted data, with a central focus on Homomorphic Encryption. We will follow a practical and engineering-focused approach: while we will touch on essential theoretical concepts, the primary emphasis will be on equipping participants with the skills needed to implement these techniques in real-world applications. The course will comprise a hands-on project where participants will apply what they've learned to develop a functional cryptographic system. | |

Exam: The grading will be based on a final exam (70%) and a practical project evaluation (30%). The final exam will be oral, unless too many participant register

Content of teaching:

- Definitions and model
- Early constructions
- Current, lattice-based constructions
- Multiparty homomorphic encryption & Secure multiparty computations
- Implementation

Prerequisites:

- Introduction to cryptography: encryption, security property and game-based proofs.
- Basic discrete mathematics: modular algebra, very basic group and ring theory.
- Programming: current HE implementation are in C++ and Go.

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| 0 | Mobile Security | |
| Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | <p>This lecture covers mobile security on an application and system level, with many hands-on exercises. Students will learn state-of-the-art security concepts for both, iOS and Android, and will be able to perform security testing of mobile apps, mobile malware analysis, as well as testing security-critical components within mobile operating systems.</p> <p>https://moodle.hpi.de/course/view.php?id=798</p> <p>This lecture covers mobile security on an application and system level, with many hands-on exercises. Students will learn state-of-the-art security concepts for both iOS and Android. They will be able to perform security testing of mobile apps, mobile malware analysis, and testing security-critical components within mobile operating systems.</p> <p>Course contents include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Threat modeling for mobile devices and apps, building mobile applications with Xcode and Android Studio, application security and testing, mobile malware capabilities and detection, operating system internals, such as inter-process communication, threads, ..., kernel and firmware security, mobile forensics, and wireless security. <p>Grading is based on practical exercises and the final exam.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assignments (50%) Written exam, 90 minutes (50%) | <i>Classen, Jiska</i> |

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| 018 | Kryptographie | |
| Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | <p>Die Vorlesung gibt eine umfassende Einführung in die moderne Kryptographie und die Grundkonzepte der beweisbaren Sicherheit. Dazu werden formale Angreifermodelle definiert und die Sicherheit der vorgestellten Kryptoverfahren unter wohldefinierten Komplexitätsannahmen in diesem Angreifermodell nachgewiesen. Der Vorlesung dient auch als Grundlage für andere Kurse zur Kryptographie, die vom Lehrstuhl angeboten werden.</p> <p>Content of teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Informationstheoretische vs. Komplexitätstheoretische Sicherheit ● Symmetrische Kryptographie <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Symmetrische Verschlüsselung Pseudozufallsfunktionen Message Authentication Codes (MAC) Hash-Funktionen Authenticated Encryption ● Asymmetrische Kryptographie <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diffie-Hellman Schlüsselaustausch Public-Key Verschlüsselung Digitale Signaturen <p>Die Vorlesung setzt Grundkenntnisse in Mathematik und theoretischer Informatik voraus, insbesondere müssen die formale mathematische Sprache und elementare Beweistechniken (Widerspruchsbeweis) problemlos angewandt werden können. Wenn diese Kenntnisse nicht vorhanden sind, wird empfohlen dieses Wissen vor der Vorlesung selbstständig zu erwerben, z.B. durch die Teilnahme an den Vorlesungen Mathematik I oder II (ITSE-Bachelor). In den ersten Vorlesungswochen wird es voraussichtlich auch zusätzliche Übungstermine und -materialien geben, in denen elementare Grundlagen aufgefrischt werden können.</p> | <i>Lehmann, Anja Dayanikli, Dennis Kenan</i> |

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| 0 | Cyber Security Management | |
| Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | | <i>Doerr, Christian</i> |

Spezialisierung (HPI-HDAS-S)

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| 3 | Network Security in Practice | |
| Seminar/Praktikum /4 | | <i>Najafi, Peyman Cheng, Feng</i> |

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| 025 Vorlesung/Übung/ 2 | <p>Computing on Encrypted Data</p> <p>This course offers an introduction to cryptographic techniques that enable computation over encrypted data, with a central focus on Homomorphic Encryption. We will follow a practical and engineering-focused approach: while we will touch on essential theoretical concepts, the primary emphasis will be on equipping participants with the skills needed to implement these techniques in real-world applications. The course will comprise a hands-on project where participants will apply what they've learned to develop a functional cryptographic system.</p> <p>Exam: The grading will be based on a final exam (70%) and a practical project evaluation (30%). The final exam will be oral, unless too many participant register</p> <p>Content of teaching: Definitions and model Early constructions Current, lattice-based constructions Multiparty homomorphic encryption & Secure multiparty computations Implementation</p> <p>Prerequisites: Introduction to cryptography: encryption, security property and game-based proofs. Basic discrete mathematics: modular algebra, very basic group and ring theory. Programming: current HE implementation are in C++ and Go.</p> | <i>Mouchet, Christian Lehmann, Anja</i> |
| 0 | <p>Mobile Security</p> <p>This lecture covers mobile security on an application and system level, with many hands-on exercises. Students will learn state-of-the-art security concepts for both, iOS and Android, and will be able to perform security testing of mobile apps, mobile malware analysis, as well as testing security-critical components within mobile operating systems.</p> <p>https://moodle.hpi.de/course/view.php?id=798</p> <p>This lecture covers mobile security on an application and system level, with many hands-on exercises. Students will learn state-of-the-art security concepts for both iOS and Android. They will be able to perform security testing of mobile apps, mobile malware analysis, and testing security-critical components within mobile operating systems.</p> <p>Course contents include: Threat modeling for mobile devices and apps, building mobile applications with Xcode and Android Studio, application security and testing, mobile malware capabilities and detection, operating system internals, such as inter-process communication, threads, ..., kernel and firmware security, mobile forensics, and wireless security.</p> <p>Grading is based on practical exercises and the final exam. Assignments (50%) Written exam, 90 minutes (50%)</p> | <i>Classen, Jiska</i> |

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| 018 Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | Kryptographie Die Vorlesung gibt eine umfassende Einführung in die moderne Kryptographie und die Grundkonzepte der beweisbaren Sicherheit. Dazu werden formale Angreifermodelle definiert und die Sicherheit der vorgestellten Kryptoverfahren unter wohldefinierten Komplexitätsannahmen in diesem Angreifermodell nachgewiesen. Der Vorlesung dient auch als Grundlage für andere Kurse zur Kryptographie, die vom Lehrstuhl angeboten werden. | <i>Lehmann, Anja Dayanikli, Dennis Kenan</i> |
| Content of teaching | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Informationstheoretische vs. Komplexitätstheoretische Sicherheit ● Symmetrische Kryptographie <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Symmetrische Verschlüsselung Pseudozufallsfunktionen Message Authentication Codes (MAC) Hash-Funktionen Authenticated Encryption ● Asymmetrische Kryptographie <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diffie-Hellman Schlüsselaustausch Public-Key Verschlüsselung Digitale Signaturen | | |
| Die Vorlesung setzt Grundkenntnisse in Mathematik und theoretischer Informatik voraus, insbesondere müssen die formale mathematische Sprache und elementare Beweistechniken (Widerspruchsbeweis) problemlos angewandt werden können. Wenn diese Kenntnisse nicht vorhanden sind, wird empfohlen dieses Wissen vor der Vorlesung selbstständig zu erwerben, z.B. durch die Teilnahme an den Vorlesungen Mathematik I oder II (ITSE-Bachelor). In den ersten Vorlesungswochen wird es voraussichtlich auch zusätzliche Übungstermine und -materialien geben, in denen elementare Grundlagen aufgefrischt werden können. | | |
| 0 Vorlesung/Übung/ 4 | Cyber Security Management Die Vorlesung gibt eine umfassende Einführung in die moderne Cyber Security Management und die Grundkonzepte der beweisbaren Sicherheit. Dazu werden formale Angreifermodelle definiert und die Sicherheit der vorgestellten Kryptoverfahren unter wohldefinierten Komplexitätsannahmen in diesem Angreifermodell nachgewiesen. Der Vorlesung dient auch als Grundlage für andere Kurse zur Kryptographie, die vom Lehrstuhl angeboten werden. | <i>Doerr, Christian</i> |

Professional Skills (PSK)

Kommunikation (HPI-SSK-KO)

5

Academic Writing for Science

Seminar/2

“Scientific writing is not a science. It does not contain laws obtained through derivations and experiments. Scientific writing is a craft. It consists of skills that are developed through study and practice. Moreover, scientific writing is not mystical. In fact, scientific writing is straightforward. Unlike other forms of writing ... scientific writing has two specific goals: to inform readers and to persuade readers.”

– Michael Alley, *“The Craft of Scientific Writing”*

“Things should be made as simple as possible, but not any simpler.”

– Albert Einstein

The course, “Academic Writing for Science” aims to take the mystery out of scientific writing by providing knowledge and practice in the skills necessary to produce a well-written scientific paper in English. Our focus is on those qualities crucial to the positive reception of written work within the scientific community.

Class members are required to give a short presentation based on their assessment of a writing excerpt (maximum 2 pages) from a scientific text of their choice.

Participants learn what comprises clear, concise, and effective written expression. We practice identifying and resolving problems in areas that are often obstacles to good writing. In this sense, we target language and punctuation.

In new course content, participants also learn how to structure and design sentences and paragraphs for the most effective presentation of written work. The principles we learn will help improve *all* professional and academic writing.

Performance Measurement:

In-class participation, performance, and progress. A mid-term test and a final test, based on points covered in the course and writing exercises. The final grade is based on the average of the midterm and final exams points. The oral presentation is a pre-requisite to completion of the course.

Participation in class discussions plays an important role in this course, as does holding the oral presentation and completing writing activities.

Fuerstenberg, Anja
Nemeth, Sharon

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| 038 | Communicating Technology Successfully - Developing Communication Strategies | |
| Blockseminar/2 | <p>The seminar is designed for students in the five master's degree programs in Digital Engineering who want to communicate their research topics in a structured manner and present them successfully. The main focus is on comprehensible communication of specialized knowledge to different target groups in different media. The seminar is designed to enable participants to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● prepare communication strategies for complex topics from science, research and development for various target groups, and communicate transfer projects successfully ● apply a methodical toolbox with simple communication and strategy tools and ● to coach and support each other in the conception and implementation of communication tasks in a collegial exchange <p>Day 1 - Basics of Science and Technology Communication Input on science and technology communication; overview of typical characteristics and problem areas, good practice examples Input & exercise: target groups and goals, formulating messages, communicating knowledge Input: Elevator pitch training - idea pitch for group work (day 2 and day 3), input on set-up and structure Exercise: Preparing idea pitches for day 2 (individual and partner exercise)</p> <p>Day 2 - Idea Pitch & Communication Strategies Warm-up: speech and voice training Idea pitch: Presentation of project ideas, selecting topics and forming teams for the elaboration of the communication strategies Input: Elements of communication strategies, examples of communication concepts Exercise: Stakeholder analysis for own projects and definition of communication goals and target groups (group work) Input & exercise: Comprehensible language, formulating core messages (group work) Input: Communication measures, instruments, and formats Exercise: Rapid prototyping for technology communication of own projects (group work)</p> <p>Day 3 – Planning of communication activities Input: Technology communication, examples of various media channels, including digital communication, social media, audio-visual communication, press and media work Continuation of exercise: Rapid prototyping of own projects (group work) - focus on one measure, e.g. for social media, and its implementation (communication examples) Presentation of prototypes - communication concepts for technology communication (group work, part 1 of graded exam) Reality check & feedback from trainer and peers Wrapup and briefing for the written assignment</p> <p>The block seminar can be taken either as a supplement to the seminar "Communicating Technology Successfully - Developing Content and Formats " or independently.</p> <p>Exam: Idea pitch, development and presentation of first ideas for communication strategies for technology communication (50%) Written assignment (max. 12 pages), elaboration of the communication strategies for technology communication presented in the seminar (50%)</p> | <i>Lux, Nadine Fuerstenberg, Anja</i> |

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| 039 | <p>Communicating technology successfully – Developing Content and Formats</p> |
| Blockseminar/2 | <p>The seminar is aimed at students of the five master's programs in the field of digital engineering who want to communicate their research topics in a structured way and present them successfully. The focus is on developing successful formats and comprehensible content for communication with different target groups. The seminar is designed to enable the participants to</p> |
| | <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Lux, Nadine Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● communicate complex topics from science, research and development in a way that is appropriate for the target group and pass on knowledge in a comprehensible way ● apply methods for format development and ● to coach each other and to support each other in communication tasks in collegial exchange during conception and implementation. |
| | <p>The block seminar can be taken either as a supplement to the seminar "Communicating Technology Successfully - Developing Communication Strategies " or independently.</p> |
| | <p>Day 1 - Basic knowledge of format development for science and technology communication</p> |
| | <p>Input on the topic of science and technology communication; overview of typical characteristics and problem areas, best and worst practice examples Input & exercise: understanding audiences and target groups Exercise: text formats - comprehensible language, tips and tricks for writing Input & exercises: Trends in research communication - social media, websites, community participation & citizen science Input & exercise: hands-on research - Visitor centers, science centers, fairs, events & co.</p> |
| | <p>Day 2 - Communicating science and technologies</p> |
| | <p>Input & exercises: Media and public relations Easy listening: Audio formats, radio & podcasts Visualizing research: Image formats, clips and documentaries Discussing science: Interview situations and public dialogues Input & presentation training: My (research) project in 120 seconds; input on composition and structure (individual and partner exercise) Input & exercise: oral presentations, body language, preparing scripts; feedback from trainer and peers</p> |
| | <p>Day 3 – Developing formats for digital Science and Technology Communication</p> |
| | <p>Input on format development in science and technology communication Input & exercise: Digital storytelling for the communication of own projects (group work), storyboards & conception Presentation of format ideas (group work, part 1 of graded exam) Reality check and feedback from trainer and peers Wrapup and briefing for the written assignment</p> |
| | <p>Exam</p> |
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Presentation "My (research) project in 120 seconds", development and presentation of a digital (storytelling) format for own research and/or technology communication (group work) (50%) ● Written paper (max. 12 pages), elaboration of the ideas for technology communication presented in the seminar (50%) |

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| 040 | Führungskompetenz - über die harten Auswirkungen der Soft Skills |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2 Fachliche Kompetenzen werden in Unternehmen als selbstverständlich vorausgesetzt. Das Seminar geht von der These aus, dass mit jedem Karriereschritt in der Hierarchie auch die Anforderungen an soziale Kompetenz (Kommunikationsfähigkeit, Konfliktfähigkeit, Werteorientierung) steigen.</p> <p>Modul 1 - Referent Michael Karl Heidemann Führung in Veränderungsprozessen: Unternehmenskultur gestalten Verantwortung in Unternehmen zu tragen, heißt heute vor allem, Veränderungsprozesse zu initiieren, zu begleiten und erfolgreich zu machen. Welche Herausforderung bedeutet das für Führungskräfte? Wodurch ist die Unternehmenskultur eines Unternehmens bestimmt? Welche Faktoren spielen grundsätzlich eine Rolle, welche sind im Alltag wirksam? Lässt sich die Führungskultur eines Unternehmens beeinflussen und wenn ja – wie? Im ersten Modul der Reihe wird eine grundsätzliche, an der Führungsverantwortung orientierte Sicht auf das Thema entfaltet.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Was ist Unternehmenskultur? ● Welche Bedeutung hat sie für den Erfolg des Unternehmens? ● Kann man Menschen verändern? ● Kann man Unternehmen verändern? ● Kulturelle Aspekte im Change Management ● Führung als Identitätsstiftung ● Herausforderungen in Veränderungsprozessen ● Autonomie und Heteronomie im Führungsalltag <p>Modul 2 - Referent Eugen Unger Führungsalltag: Führungssituationen und Führungskommunikation Führung beruht, wie alles soziale Handeln, auf Verhaltensmustern, die weitgehend automatisch, also unbewußt ablaufen. Das eigene Handeln an selbst entwickelten Qualitätsmaßstäben zu orientieren, bedeutet demnach Bewusstsein zu schaffen. Die Teilnehmer reflektieren ihr Führungsverständnis, indem sie sich mit ihren eigenen Annahmen und daraus resultierenden Verhaltensstrategien auseinandersetzen. Auf diese Weise bietet das Format einen diskursiven Rahmen für relevante Führungsthemen des Alltags und fördert damit ein klares Rollenverständnis als Führende.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Selbstverständnis als Führungskraft ● Rollenanforderungen zwischen Zielen und Bedürfnissen ● Anerkennung, Kritik und Potentialentwicklung ● Führungskommunikation bewußt gestalten ● Feedbacksicherheit ● Motivation und Demotivatoren ● Zusammenspiel der Führungsinstrumente <p>Exam: Die Leistungserfassung erfolgt im Rahmen einer mündlichen Prüfung (Kolloquium).</p> |
| 041 | Intrapersonelle & Interpersonelle Kompetenzen |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Leidnfrost, Jana Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> |

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| 049 | Managing stakeholders – The psychology and neuroscience of successfully influencing others |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2 This seminar focuses on influencing skills and humility to measurably increase the likelihood for getting stakeholders on board – without having to pull the outdated hierarchy card (real or borrowed). <i>Frank, Franziska Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> <p>The first two classroom days will focus on the needs of those that are to be influenced. We will look at two types of rules: those that follow from our social needs and those that stem from the automatisms of our brain. Understanding and practicing them gives participants a set of tools, which they can employ in any work or life situation. We will look at the science behind the rules, use case examples that demonstrate their effectiveness and allow time to apply the rules to own situations.</p> <p>The third classroom day looks at the person of the influencer and how their humility has measurable positive effects on employees, the organisation and themselves. We will visit concepts such as psychological safety, empowerment, error management, collaboration, accountability – all of which are fostered by a humble leader. Research has defined humility in such a way that 97 percent of leaders and employees find this a desirable virtue and wish to learn the ego-free view from the balcony. Yet there are stumbling blocks on the path to humility. We will look at how these can be avoided and how the benefits of humility be reaped across any nationality, age and gender.</p> <p>The course will aim at the following learning objectives:</p> <p>Students familiarize themselves with both the psychology and neuroscience of influencing and learn to apply the concepts to different situations. The ability to navigate different stakeholder needs and achieve synergy with their own needs is fostered. Students develop an understanding of the value of humility. They grasp how the concept has nothing to do with weakness, being overly modest or hiding one's light under the bushel but that it is a chosen strength for every role that they have consciously taken on. They see where they stand and learn how to strengthen humility in themselves and others.</p> <p>Students receive tools, a set of influencing cards for own use as well as numerous concepts that allow them to prosper as leaders while at the same time increasing their understanding of their own patterns of reactivity.</p> <p>Core themes addressed are:</p> <p>Rules of influencing that stem from basic human needs and how disregarding them explain many of the negative emotions that arise in every day interactions</p> <p>Rules of influencing that stem from the automatisms of our brains and how these can be utilized to get people on board</p> <p>Cognitive biases and elements of individual mindsets that hinder influencing success</p> <p>Humility as a trainable virtue and vital for leadership in the age of self-managing organisations, agility and New Work</p> <p>Measurable benefits of humility for employees, the organisation and the humble persons themselves</p> <p>Avoiding stumbling blocks and making humility habitual</p> <p>Exam: Preparation of classroom sessions Do pre-work on Qualtrics Follow-up on classroom sessions / group presentation Work on own situation Interact with peer coach Test rules of influencing and each of the four sub-elements of humility in real life Presentation of each peer group (15 minutes) Written documentation (minimum 3 pages)</p> <p>Gewichtung der Leistungen / weighting Group presentations (in person half a day): 50% Individual written documentation: 50%</p> |
| 050 | Power and Power Misuse in Organizations |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2 Part 1: Power in Organizations. What is it? (0.75 days) Part 2: Destructive Leaders – Born or made? (0.75 days) Part 3: Power Misuse in Organizations (0.75 days) Part 4: Managing Power in Organizations (0.75 day) <i>Drath, Karsten Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> <p>Exam: Class presentation (50%) Written exam (50%)</p> |

Management und Leitung (HPI-SSK-MLE)

5 **Global Team-Based Innovation I**

Projektseminar/4

Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP).

In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities).

<https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-qi-design-thinking.html>

This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.

*Uebersnickel, Falk
Beermann, Vincent
Enkmann, Jan
Rolfes, Theresa Maria
Caudey, Virginie
Wuttke, Tobias*

Exam

Project work (20%)

Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work
Stakeholder management
Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.)

Milestone presentations (20%)

GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation
GTI 2: Final presentation

Tangible outcomes (20%)

One-Pagers for corporate partners
Intermediate prototypes

Milestone documentations (40%)

GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation
GTI 2: Final documentation & videos

The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.

Goals:

Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future.

Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors.

Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.

2 **Founder Fundamentals I**

Vorlesung/2

*Pawlotschek, Frank
Hahn, David*

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| 040 Blockseminar/2 | <p>Führungskompetenz - über die harten Auswirkungen der Soft Skills</p> <p>Fachliche Kompetenzen werden in Unternehmen als selbstverständlich vorausgesetzt. Das Seminar geht von der These aus, dass mit jedem Karriereschritt in der Hierarchie auch die Anforderungen an soziale Kompetenz (Kommunikationsfähigkeit, Konfliktfähigkeit, Werteorientierung) steigen.</p> <p>Modul 1 - Referent Michael Karl Heidemann</p> <p>Führung in Veränderungsprozessen: Unternehmenskultur gestalten</p> <p>Verantwortung in Unternehmen zu tragen, heißt heute vor allem, Veränderungsprozesse zu initiieren, zu begleiten und erfolgreich zu machen. Welche Herausforderung bedeutet das für Führungskräfte? Wodurch ist die Unternehmenskultur eines Unternehmens bestimmt? Welche Faktoren spielen grundsätzlich eine Rolle, welche sind im Alltag wirksam? Lässt sich die Führungskultur eines Unternehmens beeinflussen und wenn ja – wie? Im ersten Modul der Reihe wird eine grundsätzliche, an der Führungsverantwortung orientierte Sicht auf das Thema entfaltet.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Was ist Unternehmenskultur? ● Welche Bedeutung hat sie für den Erfolg des Unternehmens? ● Kann man Menschen verändern? ● Kann man Unternehmen verändern? ● Kulturelle Aspekte im Change Management ● Führung als Identitätsstiftung ● Herausforderungen in Veränderungsprozessen ● Autonomie und Heteronomie im Führungsalltag <p>Modul 2 - Referent Eugen Unger</p> <p>Führungsalltag: Führungssituationen und Führungskommunikation</p> <p>Führung beruht, wie alles soziale Handeln, auf Verhaltensmustern, die weitgehend automatisch, also unbewußt ablaufen. Das eigene Handeln an selbst entwickelten Qualitätsmaßstäben zu orientieren, bedeutet demnach Bewusstsein zu schaffen. Die Teilnehmer reflektieren ihr Führungsverständnis, indem sie sich mit ihren eigenen Annahmen und daraus resultierenden Verhaltensstrategien auseinandersetzen. Auf diese Weise bietet das Format einen diskursiven Rahmen für relevante Führungsthemen des Alltags und fördert damit ein klares Rollenverständnis als Führende.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Selbstverständnis als Führungskraft ● Rollenanforderungen zwischen Zielen und Bedürfnissen ● Anerkennung, Kritik und Potentialentwicklung ● Führungskommunikation bewußt gestalten ● Feedbacksicherheit ● Motivation und Demotivatoren ● Zusammenspiel der Führungsinstrumente <p>Exam: Die Leistungserfassung erfolgt im Rahmen einer mündlichen Prüfung (Kolloquium).</p> | <p><i>Heidemann, Michael Karl Unger, Eugen Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> |
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| 043 | Leading Yourself and Others in a Virtual World | |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2</p> <p>1. Leading Self Leading Self How does Resilience work? Risk- and Protective Factors Victim- or Shaper mode Interview "Leaders Talk" My development plan</p> <p>2. Leading Others Management vs. Leadership Six Leadership Styles by Daniel Goleman Self Assessment: My leadership signature How leaders grow Interview "Leaders Talk" My development plan</p> <p>3. Leading Virtually Leading virtual teams Success factors Self-Assessment Leading Virtually Interview "Leaders Talk" Virtual Inspiration Challenge My development plan</p> <p>Exam: COURSE HOMEWORK Due 14 days after end of course: • Hand in individual reflection journal (structured course handout with guiding questions) • Structured essay: "My Development Plan"</p> <p>GRADING • Reflection Journal (50%) • My Development Plan (50%)</p> | <p><i>Drath, Karsten Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> |
| 106 | Management Essentials | |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2</p> <p>The students learn about the most important aspects of managing organizations and of managing people in organizations and how to apply this knowledge to concrete challenges.</p> <p>This course offers an overview of the main topics of management. We will first cover the basics of management <i>of</i> organizations (strategic leadership) and will then turn to management <i>in</i> organizations (people management). With regard to the latter, the topics include leadership and motivation, employee satisfaction, personnel selection, training and development, and employee evaluation and compensation. Management knowledge is essential for all those who at some point wish to start their own companies or strive to occupy leadership positions in organizations.</p> <p>Conveyed competencies: Knowledge-related competencies: strategic management; methods in management research; personnel selection; job and work design; training and development; motivation; satisfaction; leadership; personnel evaluation; personnel compensation. Methodological competencies; case study analysis; presentation techniques. Social competencies; group work and discussions.</p> <p>Exam: The grade will be calculated on the basis of a group presentation (30%) and a written assignment (70%). Both the group presentation and the written assignment will focus on management aspects in organizations that the students select themselves. Further details will be provided at the beginning of the course.</p> | <p><i>Kearney, Eric Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> |

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| 049 | Managing stakeholders – The psychology and neuroscience of successfully influencing others |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2 This seminar focuses on influencing skills and humility to measurably increase the likelihood for getting stakeholders on board – without having to pull the outdated hierarchy card (real or borrowed). <i>Frank, Franziska Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> <p>The first two classroom days will focus on the needs of those that are to be influenced. We will look at two types of rules: those that follow from our social needs and those that stem from the automatisms of our brain. Understanding and practicing them gives participants a set of tools, which they can employ in any work or life situation. We will look at the science behind the rules, use case examples that demonstrate their effectiveness and allow time to apply the rules to own situations.</p> <p>The third classroom day looks at the person of the influencer and how their humility has measurable positive effects on employees, the organisation and themselves. We will visit concepts such as psychological safety, empowerment, error management, collaboration, accountability – all of which are fostered by a humble leader. Research has defined humility in such a way that 97 percent of leaders and employees find this a desirable virtue and wish to learn the ego-free view from the balcony. Yet there are stumbling blocks on the path to humility. We will look at how these can be avoided and how the benefits of humility be reaped across any nationality, age and gender.</p> <p>The course will aim at the following learning objectives:</p> <p>Students familiarize themselves with both the psychology and neuroscience of influencing and learn to apply the concepts to different situations. The ability to navigate different stakeholder needs and achieve synergy with their own needs is fostered. Students develop an understanding of the value of humility. They grasp how the concept has nothing to do with weakness, being overly modest or hiding one's light under the bushel but that it is a chosen strength for every role that they have consciously taken on. They see where they stand and learn how to strengthen humility in themselves and others.</p> <p>Students receive tools, a set of influencing cards for own use as well as numerous concepts that allow them to prosper as leaders while at the same time increasing their understanding of their own patterns of reactivity.</p> <p>Core themes addressed are:</p> <p>Rules of influencing that stem from basic human needs and how disregarding them explain many of the negative emotions that arise in every day interactions</p> <p>Rules of influencing that stem from the automatisms of our brains and how these can be utilized to get people on board</p> <p>Cognitive biases and elements of individual mindsets that hinder influencing success</p> <p>Humility as a trainable virtue and vital for leadership in the age of self-managing organisations, agility and New Work</p> <p>Measurable benefits of humility for employees, the organisation and the humble persons themselves</p> <p>Avoiding stumbling blocks and making humility habitual</p> <p>Exam: Preparation of classroom sessions Do pre-work on Qualtrics Follow-up on classroom sessions / group presentation Work on own situation Interact with peer coach Test rules of influencing and each of the four sub-elements of humility in real life Presentation of each peer group (15 minutes) Written documentation (minimum 3 pages)</p> <p>Gewichtung der Leistungen / weighting Group presentations (in person half a day): 50% Individual written documentation: 50%</p> |
| 050 | Power and Power Misuse in Organizations |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2 Part 1: Power in Organizations. What is it? (0.75 days) Part 2: Destructive Leaders – Born or made? (0.75 days) Part 3: Power Misuse in Organizations (0.75 days) Part 4: Managing Power in Organizations (0.75 day) <i>Drath, Karsten Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> <p>Exam: Class presentation (50%) Written exam (50%)</p> |

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| 016 | Unternehmenssimulation Strategisches Management | |
| | <p>Blockseminar/2 In dieser Veranstaltung erarbeiten sich die Teilnehmer zunächst im Selbststudium die Grundlagen strategischen Managements, festigen diese Kenntnisse im Rahmen eines Fallstudienseminars (Diskussion von Praxisfällen) und transferieren sie schließlich im Rahmen einer zweitägigen interaktiven Unternehmenssimulation („Berlinsim - digitale Transformation“) in die (simulierte) Führungspraxis.</p> <p>Schwerpunkthemen Strategisches Entscheiden unter Unsicherheit, strategische Umweltanalyse, Unternehmensanalyse, Wettbewerbsstrategie (Kostenschwerpunkt, Differenzierung, Stuck-in-the-middle, Hybridposition), Gesamtunternehmensstrategie (Parenting Advantage; Portfolio-Management), Strategieimplementation, Strategische Kontrolle</p> <p>Exam Leistung in der Unternehmenssimulation (50%; Kriterien werden zu Beginn der Veranstaltung bekannt gegeben), Hausarbeit (Reflexion der eigenen Entscheidungspraxis aus der Simulation vor dem Hintergrund der Modelle und Methoden des strategischen Managements; 50%; ggf. als Gruppenhausarbeit)</p> <p>Entwicklung und Verankerung eines branchenunabhängigen robusten mentalen Modells strategischer Unternehmensführung</p> <p>Fallstudiendiskussion, Unternehmenssimulation (Gruppenentscheidungen, Einsatz strategischer Analysetools, Coaching), Erfahrungsbasiertes Lernen, Selbststudium.</p> | <p><i>Braun, Tobias Dabitz, Robert Fuerstenberg, Anja</i></p> |
| 2 | <p>Wayfinder: Self- and Leadership Development (D-School)</p> <p>Projekt/Seminar/2 Wayfinder is a newly developed program by HPI D-School that adds an essential perspective to the other program offerings in the area of Design Thinking: for self-leading and designing your own well-lived life and career.</p> <p>https://hpi.de/en/school-of-design-thinking/for-students/wayfinder.html Working in innovation teams requires flexibility, agility and, above all, empathy. Empathy, and thus empathic leadership, requires skills in self-awareness and self-leadership, and shaping one's own life as well as one's own career. We believe that a structured design process can help people to develop and grow. Such a process allows them to find out what they want and how to design a satisfying and successful life. By applying and developing the methods of Design Thinking combined with fundamentals from systemic coaching and self-leadership, this program aims to learn and apply tools and techniques to improve self-awareness, recognize one's own behavioral patterns and values, reflect on and expand one's context of experience to make self-efficacy a reality in the future; building on this, to explore, prototype and test new options for a successful future. The program is based on the "Designing Your Life" Concept and has been extended and further developed by the HPI School of Design Thinking.</p> <p>Wayfinder has four major focus areas:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Empathy and Self-Awareness: Understanding one's own values and attitudes. 2. Exploring: Shaping career and personal life with purpose and energy. 3. Prototyping: Making good choices and exploring options. 4. Iterate: Learning forward in a strong network. <p>Session 1: 15. November 2024 (D-School, House D) Session 2: 6. December 2024 (remote) Session 3: 10. January 2025 (remote) Session 4: 31. January 2025 (D-School, House D)</p> <p>The Wayfinder program is aimed at HPI students as well as participants of the Design Thinking Studios of the HPI School of Design Thinking. The course is limited to 18 participants to allow for intensive exchange and reflection in small groups.</p> | <p><i>Schwemmler, Martin Thal, Klaudia Klonower, Janet Nicolai, Claudia</i></p> |
| 8 | <p>Product Builder</p> <p>Seminar/4</p> | <p><i>Pawlitschek, Frank Hahn, David</i></p> |

Design Thinking Advanced (HPI-SSK-DTA)

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| 5 | Global Team-Based Innovation I | <p>Projektseminar/4</p> <p>Global Team-based Innovation (GTI) is a course designated for master students of the Hasso Plattner Institute (HPI) and the University of Potsdam (UP). In our course, students apply IT knowledge to engineer digital solutions for real business challenges provided by prominent global companies. We follow the Design Thinking methodology to innovate on wicked problems given by our project partners. Within GTI, HPI students collaborate with students from other leading global universities: HPI is a partner in ME310 (for projects with the Stanford University) as well as part of the SUGAR Network for Design Innovation (for projects with other global universities). https://hpi.de/uebernickel/teaching/global-team-based-innovation-qi-design-thinking.html This class is exclusively available to students who have been accepted through our application process.</p> <p>Exam</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project work (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual participation during lectures, group meetings and in project work Stakeholder management Project management (sticking to deadlines, etc.) Milestone presentations (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter presentation GTI 2: Final presentation Tangible outcomes (20%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One-Pagers for corporate partners Intermediate prototypes Milestone documentations (40%) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GTI 1: Fall & winter documentation GTI 2: Final documentation & videos <p>The estimated workload is 2-3 days per week.</p> <p>Goals: Students from Potsdam and leading global partner universities tackle design innovation challenges posed by global corporations. The 9 months (2 semesters) course focuses on the application of IT knowledge for engineering solutions to real business challenges. Further, we put emphasis on teaching students human-centered innovation methods and processes required for designers, engineers, and project managers of the future. Within the projects, students go through an intense and iterative process of need finding, ideation, and rapid prototyping to create and evaluate new concepts. Company involvement provides the reality check necessary for teams to improve their innovation abilities. The team is supported by a professional coach, corporate liaisons, and faculty advisors. Projects typically involve systems integration and include a mix of mechanical, electronic and software design. The results of all projects are real prototypes that have a user-centric design, are economically viable and technically feasible.</p> | <p><i>Uebernickel, Falk Beermann, Vincent Enkmann, Jan Rolfes, Theresa Maria Cauderay, Virginie Wuttke, Tobias</i></p> |
| 0 | Design Thinking Studio: Sustainability | <p>Projekt/Seminar/6</p> | <p><i>Nicolai, Claudia Grundnigg, Thomas</i></p> |
| 7 | Design Thinking Studio: Open Innovation | <p>Projektseminar/6</p> | <p><i>Nicolai, Claudia Juarez Rodriguez, Maria-Jose Osman, Sherif Hussein Ibrahim</i></p> |

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Wayfinder: Self- and Leadership Development (D-School)

Projekt/Seminar/2

Wayfinder is a newly developed program by HPI D-School that adds an essential perspective to the other program offerings in the area of Design Thinking: for self-leading and designing your own well-lived life and career.

<https://hpi.de/en/school-of-design-thinking/for-students/wayfinder.html>

Working in innovation teams requires flexibility, agility and, above all, empathy. Empathy, and thus empathic leadership, requires skills in self-awareness and self-leadership, and shaping one's own life as well as one's own career. We believe that a structured design process can help people to develop and grow. Such a process allows them to find out what they want and how to design a satisfying and successful life. By applying and developing the methods of Design Thinking combined with fundamentals from systemic coaching and self-leadership, this program aims to learn and apply tools and techniques to improve self-awareness, recognize one's own behavioral patterns and values, reflect on and expand one's context of experience to make self-efficacy a reality in the future; building on this, to explore, prototype and test new options for a successful future. The program is based on the "Designing Your Life" Concept and has been extended and further developed by the HPI School of Design Thinking.

Wayfinder has **four major focus areas**:

1. Empathy and Self-Awareness: Understanding one's own values and attitudes.
2. Exploring: Shaping career and personal life with purpose and energy.
3. Prototyping: Making good choices and exploring options.
4. Iterate: Learning forward in a strong network.

Session 1: 15. November 2024 (D-School, House D)

Session 2: 6. December 2024 (remote)

Session 3: 10. January 2025 (remote)

Session 4: 31. January 2025 (D-School, House D)

The Wayfinder program is aimed at HPI students as well as participants of the Design Thinking Studios of the HPI School of Design Thinking.

The course is limited to 18 participants to allow for intensive exchange and reflection in small groups.

*Schwemmler, Martin
Thal, Klaudia
Klonower, Janet
Nicolai, Claudia*

Design Thinking Basic (HPI-SSK-DTB)

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Foundations for Design Thinking

Projekt/Seminar/6

Foundations for Design Thinking ist ein 16-wöchiges Programm, in dem die Teilnehmer grundlegende Kenntnisse, Fähigkeiten und Fertigkeiten erwerben, um die Prinzipien des Design Thinking anzuwenden und so kreatives Selbstvertrauen aufzubauen. Während des Programms, das von April bis Juli und von Oktober bis Januar läuft, arbeitest du in verschiedenen Teams unter der Leitung unserer erfahrenen Design Thinking Coaches. Wir streben ein unterstützendes und integratives Umfeld an, das Geschlechtsidentitäten, kulturellen Hintergrund und Berufserfahrung berücksichtigt. Das Programm gibt Einblick in verschiedene Aspekte des Design Thinking und bietet die Möglichkeit, grundlegende Werkzeuge, Methoden und Denkweisen zu erlernen, die erfolgreiche, lebenszentrierte Innovationen fördern. Du tauchst in einen experimentellen Lernansatz ein, der auf Teamarbeit basiert. Da unser Programm auf verschiedenen Perspektiven aufbaut, suchen wir Studierende und Absolvent:innen aller Disziplinen und Fachrichtungen – von Architektur, Pädagogik, IT Systems Engineering und BWL bis hin zu Zukunftsforschung.

*Nicolai, Claudia
Lata, Lukas*

Foundations findet ausschließlich vor Ort an der HPI School of Design Thinking und wird im Wintersemester 2024-2025 mit 6 ECTS bewertet. Die Teilnehmeranzahl ist begrenzt auf maximal 60 Personen. Das Programm ist ein 100%iges Vor-Ort-Programm. Um das Abschlusszertifikat und ECTS-Punkte zu erhalten, ist eine regelmäßige, pünktliche und physische Teilnahme an allen Programmtagen erforderlich.

Das Programm beginnt am 20.09.2024 mit dem "Experience Day". Im Wintersemester 2024-2025 finden vom 15.10.2024 bis 28.01.2025 insgesamt 20 Programmtage (meist dienstags und freitags) vor Ort an der HPI School of Design Thinking statt. Alle Programmtage sind von 9:00 Uhr bis 17:00 Uhr. Im Februar arbeiten die Studenten an ihren Projektdokumentationen.

Englisch version:

Foundations for Design Thinking is a 16-week program where participants get the basic knowledge, skills, and capabilities to apply the principles of Design Thinking to build creative confidence. During the program, which runs from April – July and October – January you will work in different teams led by our experienced Design Thinking Coaches. We aim for a supportive and inclusive environment that considers gender identities, cultural background, and professional experience.

The program gives insight into different aspects of Design Thinking and provides the opportunity to learn basic tools, methods, and mindsets that foster successful human-centered innovations. You will dive into an experimental learning approach that is based on teamwork.

Foundations take place on site at the HPI School of Design Thinking and will be graded with 6 ECTS in the winter semester 2024-2025. The number of participants is limited to a maximum of 60 people. The program is a 100% on-site program. Regular, on-time, physical class attendance is required on all program days to be awarded Completion Certificate and ECTS points

Since our program is based on different perspectives, we are looking for students and graduates from all disciplines - from Architecture, Pedagogy, IT systems Engineering or Business to Futurology.

The program starts on 20.09.2024 with the "Experience Day". In the winter semester 2024-2025, a total of 20 program days (mostly Tuesday and Friday) will take place on site at the HPI School of Design Thinking from 15.10.2024 to 28.01.2025. All program days are from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm. In February the students are working on their project documentations.

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| 3 | Global Design Thinking-Workshop (D-School) Projekt/Seminar/2 | <p>Die Global Design Thinking Workshops sind ein Programm, das über die reine Einführung in Design Thinking als Prozess hinausgeht. In diesem Programm erleben die Teilnehmer:innen Design Thinking als einen lebenszentrierten Ansatz und arbeiten in verschiedenen Teams an komplexen Innovationsproblemen, unterstützt von internationalen Design Thinking-Coaches. Wir kombinieren diese Arbeit an einem konkreten Innovationsprojekt mit Reflexionen zu einem spezifischen Fokusthema.</p> <p>Der nächste Global Design Thinking Workshop findet im März 2025 statt</p> <p>Our Global Design Thinking Workshops are a education concept that goes beyond the mere introduction to Design Thinking as a process. In this program participants experience Design Thinking as a life-centered approach by dealing with complex innovation problems in diverse teams and supported by international Design Thinking coaches. We combine the work on a concrete innovation project with reflections on a specific focus topic.</p> <p>The next Global Design Thinking Workshop will take place in March 2025!</p> | <i>Nicolai, Claudia Osman, Sherif Hussein Ibrahim Juarez Rodriguez, Maria-Jose Klonower, Janet</i> |
| 2 | Wayfinder: Self- and Leadership Development (D-School) Projekt/Seminar/2 | <p>Wayfinder is a newly developed program by HPI D-School that adds an essential perspective to the other program offerings in the area of Design Thinking: for self-leading and designing your own well-lived life and career.</p> <p>https://hpi.de/en/school-of-design-thinking/for-students/wayfinder.html</p> <p>Working in innovation teams requires flexibility, agility and, above all, empathy. Empathy, and thus empathic leadership, requires skills in self-awareness and self-leadership, and shaping one's own life as well as one's own career. We believe that a structured design process can help people to develop and grow. Such a process allows them to find out what they want and how to design a satisfying and successful life. By applying and developing the methods of Design Thinking combined with fundamentals from systemic coaching and self-leadership, this program aims to learn and apply tools and techniques to improve self-awareness, recognize one's own behavioral patterns and values, reflect on and expand one's context of experience to make self-efficacy a reality in the future; building on this, to explore, prototype and test new options for a successful future. The program is based on the "Designing Your Life" Concept and has been extended and further developed by the HPI School of Design Thinking.</p> <p>Wayfinder has four major focus areas:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Empathy and Self-Awareness: Understanding one's own values and attitudes. 2. Exploring: Shaping career and personal life with purpose and energy. 3. Prototyping: Making good choices and exploring options. 4. Iterate: Learning forward in a strong network. <p>Session 1: 15. November 2024 (D-School, House D) Session 2: 6. December 2024 (remote) Session 3: 10. January 2025 (remote) Session 4: 31. January 2025 (D-School, House D)</p> <p>The Wayfinder program is aimed at HPI students as well as participants of the Design Thinking Studios of the HPI School of Design Thinking. The course is limited to 18 participants to allow for intensive exchange and reflection in small groups.</p> | <i>Schwemmle, Martin Thal, Klaudia Klonower, Janet Nicolai, Claudia</i> |

Brückenmodule

Principles of IT Systems (HPI-DHBM-IT)

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| 2 | Introduction to IT Systems Vorlesung/4 | | <i>Schapranow, Matthieu- Patrick Lippert, Christoph</i> |
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Fundamentals of Programming (HPI-DHBM-PR)

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| 3 | Fundamentals of Programming for Digital Health Vorlesung/4 | | <i>Arrnich, Bert</i> |
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Introduction to Principles in Medicine (HPI-DHBM-PM)

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| 0 | Health and Disease Core Competencies | |
| | Vorlesung/4 | <i>Heyne, Henrike Antao, Esther Wieler, Lothar</i> |

Fundamentals of Healthcare Systems (HPI-DHBM-HS)

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| 1 | Healthcare Fundamentals and Digital Health Trends | |
| | Vorlesung/4 | <i>Antao, Esther zu Putlitz, Jaspar Wieler, Lothar</i> |