

Databases and the Cloud: Opportunities and Challenges

FG DB Spring Symposium March 24, 2022 HPI, Potsdam, Germany

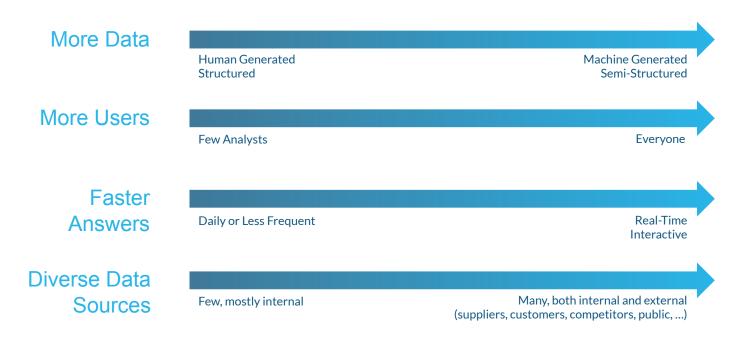
MARCIN ZUKOWSKI - Snowflake Co-Founder

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- Snowflake Inc.
 - Founded 2012, 4000+ employees
 - Sept 2020: Largest software IPO ever
- Cloud Data Platform
 - Data warehousing and other big data tasks
 - SaaS, cloud-native
- Data Cloud
 - Global network for data access

WHY SNOWFLAKE?

No Good Solution to Tackle Modern Data Challenges





WHY CLOUD?

Resources



Infinitely* elastic

Pay for what you use

SAAS model



Always available

Continuously improving

Hiding complexity

Elastic costs

Ecosystem



Global "meeting place"

Organizations, data and processes

Boundaries purely virtual*

SNOWFLAKE DESIGN MOTIVATION

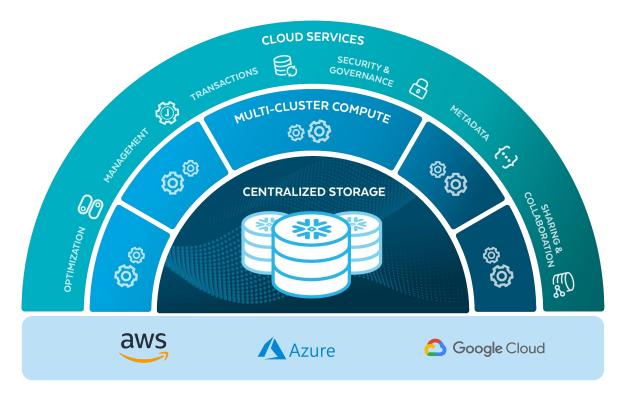
- Want cost-efficient storage
 - \rightarrow Use S3
- S3 has no updates
 - → Immutable data units
- S3 is slow
 - → Columnar, data skipping, caching, compression
- Want elastic compute
 - → Stateless workers

SNOWFLAKE DESIGN MOTIVATION (cont.)

- Data in S3, elastic workers
 - → Need coordination
- S3 is bad for state
 - → Need a metadata store
- Barriers are logical
 - → Data sharing is possible

SNOWFLAKE ARCHITECTURE

(one cloud region)

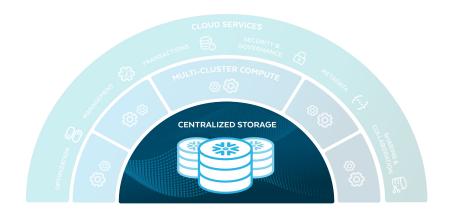




CENTRALIZED STORAGE

- Store all your data: relational, JSON, XML, GEO ...
- Pre-indexed for fast access
- One copy for all users

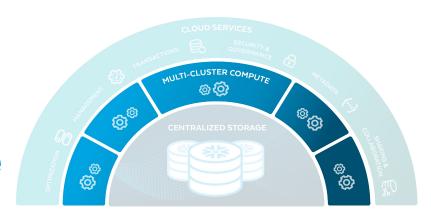
- Infinitely* elastic
- Cost effective



MULTI-CLUSTER COMPUTE

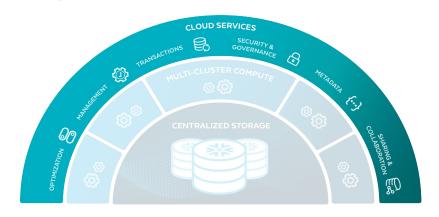
High performance SQL processing

- Private clusters for different users
- Instantly available
- Infinitely* elastic
- Pay for what you use
- Decoupled from storage



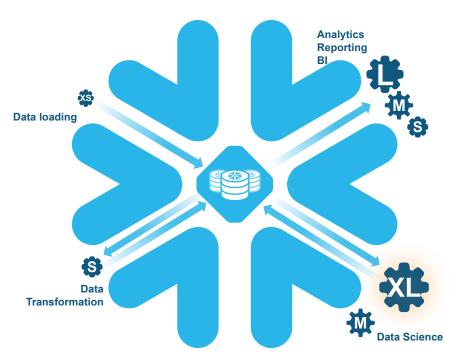
CLOUD SERVICES

- Shared layer for all users
- Pure SAAS experience
 - Always on
 - Frequent (transparent) upgrades
- Fully managed
- Includes persistent state ("big metadata")



SNOWFLAKE FEATURES

MULTI-DIMENSIONAL ELASTICITY



- Elastic scaling for storage
 - Low-cost, fully replicated, secure and resilient
- Elastic scaling for compute
 - Virtual warehouses scale to support workload needs
- Elastic scaling for concurrency
 - Scale concurrency using independent virtual warehouses or with multi-cluster warehouses
- Both up and down

MULTIPLE WORKLOADS



Complete SQL
ACID
Low-latency
High-concurrency
UDFs, UDTs
Data Governance
Stored Procedures



Streaming Ingest
Tasks
Table Streams
External Functions
Data Pipelines



Semi-structured Data Unstructured Data External Tables



Java/Scala/Python
Data Frames



Rest APIs Real-time

FULLY MANAGED



Infrastructure

Initial Setup

Upgrading

Patching

Capacity

Planning

Storage

Security



Physical Design

Partitioning

Indexing

Ordering

Vacuuming



Data Collaboration

Loading

Moving

Transforming

Copying

Securing



Query Tuning

Statistic Collection

Memory Management

Parallelism

Query Plan Hinting

Workload Management



Availability

Setup High availability
Handle Hardware Faults
Manage Backups

FULLY MANAGED

















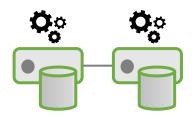


SCIENCE FICTION;)

- Cloning CREATE DATABASE my_copy CLONE production;
- Time Travel SELECT * FROM users AT (OFFSET => -3600*2) WHERE id NOT IN (SELECT id FROM users);

POWER OF ELASTICITY

ON PREMISE: SIZED FOR AVERAGE USAGE



Regular day

Users

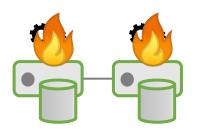


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ON PREMISE: SIZED FOR AVERAGE USAGE



Monday morning

Users

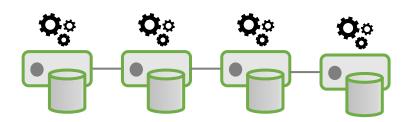


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ON PREMISE: SIZED FOR PEAK USAGE



Monday morning

Users

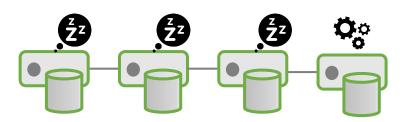


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ON PREMISE: SIZED FOR PEAK USAGE



Regular day

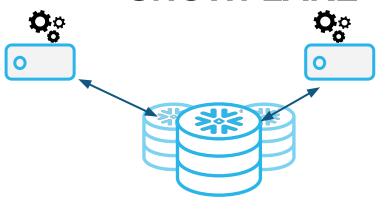
Users



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Regular day

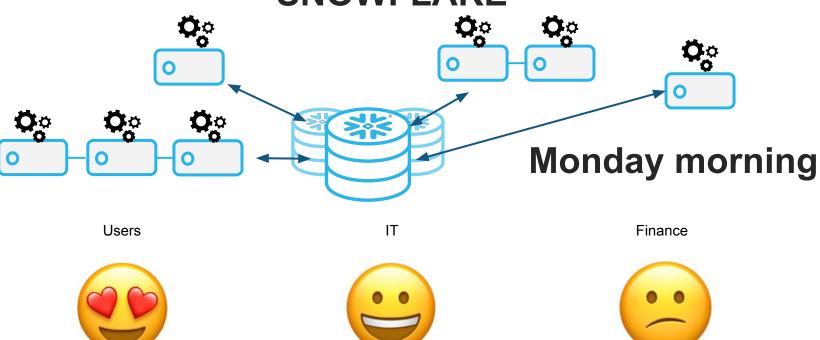
Users





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Sunday evening

Users



''





POWER OF SAAS



CUSTOMER BENEFITS

- Simplicity
 - "It just works" minimal config
 - Always-on and up-to-date
 - Automate administration tasks
- Pushing technical complexity down
 - Allows previously unachievable systems
- Reduced investment risk
 - Easier to test
 - Pay for what provides value

PROVIDER BENEFITS

- Easier customer acquisition
- Economics of scale
 - Shared costs between customers
 - Simplified maintenance
- Usage-driven development
 - Full insight into customer activities
 - Determine problems and opportunities
 - "Test in production"
- Single "live" system version

ALIGNING INCENTIVES

Usage-based pricing - new model

Performance improvements?

Snowflake - "Put customer first"

Net revenue retention rate: 178%

CHALLENGES

CLOUD IS A DIFFERENT BEAST

- Performance unpredictability
 - Hardware and services
- Increased failure rates
- Black-box infrastructure
- Multi-cloud challenges

BUILDING ENTERPRISE SAAS IS HARD!

- Need to cover a broad range of "abilities"
 - Stability, availability...
 - Monitoring, manageability, audit....
 - Security, certifications...
- Working on a "live" system
 - Continuous updates, rollbacks
- Handling scale
 - 10x increase every ~2-3 years
- It's hard to make something truly simple to use

THE DATA CLOUD



WHY CLOUD?

Resources

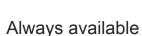


Hardware Ind somes

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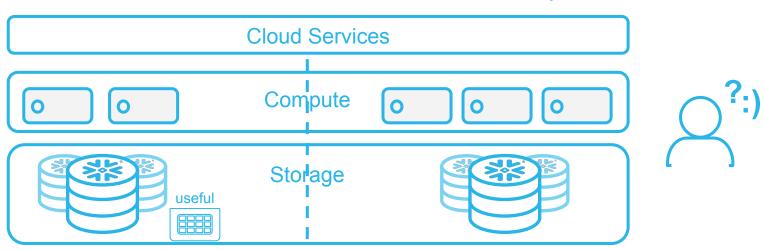
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Boundaries purely virtual*

DATA SHARING

Alice's Adventures

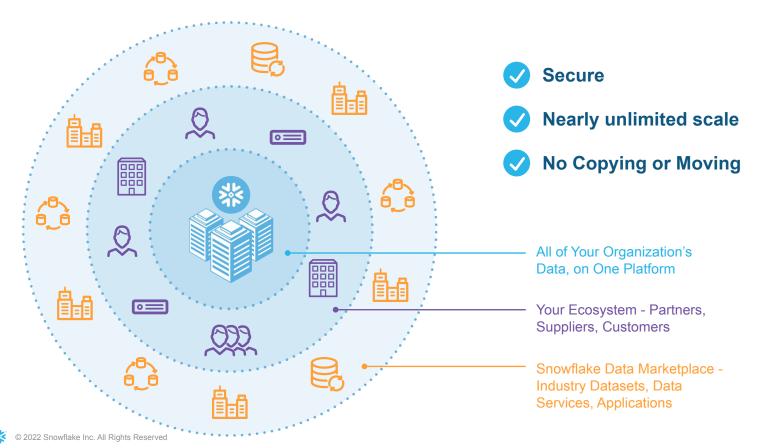
Bob's Bakery



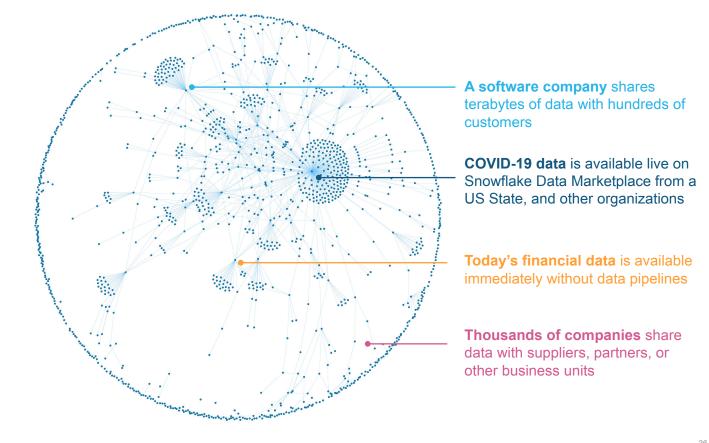
CREATE SHARE public_data;
GRANT SELECT ON TABLE useful
 TO SHARE public_data;
ALTER SHARE public_data
 ADD ACCOUNTS = BB;

CREATE DATABASE AA_data
 FROM SHARE AA.public_data;
SELECT * FROM AA_data.useful;

ACCESS TO ALL DATA



COLLABORATION NETWORK TODAY



ONE SINGLE DATA CLOUD

23 Data Cloud Regions (10 countries, 3 clouds)



SNOWFLAKE TODAY



All major cloud vendors



5900+ active customers



> 1000 Data Marketplace listings



100s of PB storage (compressed)
Biggest table ~100TN rows

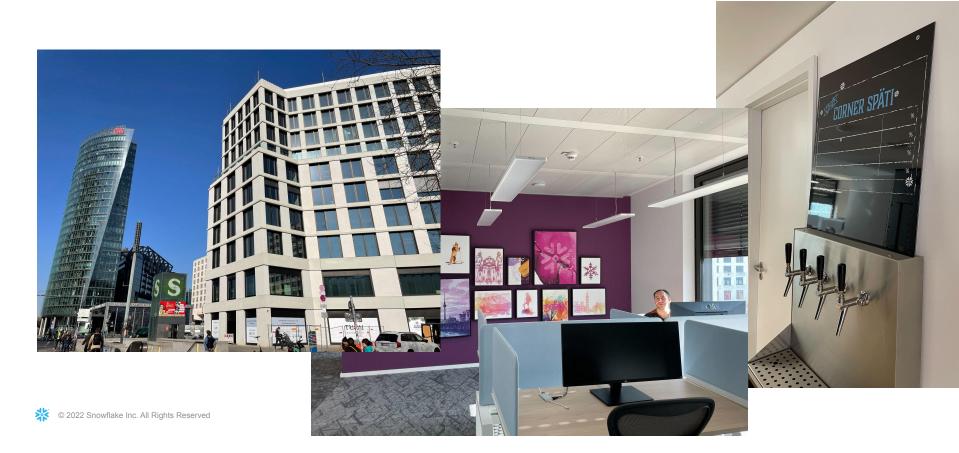


>1B queries daily



NPS - 68 Industry average - 21

WE'RE IN BERLIN!



CLOUD AND DB RESEARCH

CHALLENGES

- Many research areas hard to apply in cloud
 - Modern / exotic hardware
 - Software plugins / accelerators
 - Open source ?

- Hard to build a user-ready SAAS product
 - A lot of non-DB complexity
 - Making things "just work"

MORE CHALLENGES

- Reduced visibility into platform
 - Infastructure black box
 - More levels of abstractions
- Reduced visibility into customers

- Databases are getting commoditized
 - Aurora Serverless V2 enough for most

OPPORTUNITIES

- Unique platform properties
 - Heterogenous resources (hard- and software)
 - Embrace infinite elasticity
 - Optimize for cost

- Cloud vendors evolve fast
 - Software: EC2 → Containers → Lambda
 - Hardware: x86 → ARM (→ RISC-V?)

MORE OPPORTUNITIES

Energy efficiency critical

Databases at global scale

Making data collaboration better

Cloud as a shared platform for researchers?

CONCLUSION

Cloud is the new normal

We all need to adapt (a bit)

Opportunities are endless



THANK YOU!





