



WOCHE 2

BYOD



AGENDA

- ▶ Organization
- ▶ Templates
- ▶ RAII
- ▶ Smart Pointers



ORGANIZATION

- ▶ If you have not joined us at Piazza
 - ▶ piazza.com/hpi.uni-potsdam.de/fall2017/byod
- ▶ Any problems during setup?



TEMPLATES - FUNCTIONS

```
1 template <typename T> T multiply(T x, T y) {  
2     return x * y;  
3 }  
4  
5 double a = 4.0, b = 5.0;  
6 multiply<double>(a, b);  
7  
8 int c = 7, d = 8;  
9 multiply<int>(c, d);
```

What would need
to change to allow
multiplication of Ints and
Doubles?



TEMPLATES - FUNCTIONS

```
1 template <typename T> T multiply(T x, T y) {  
2     return x * y;  
3 }  
4  
5 double a = 4.0, b = 5.0;  
6 multiply<double>(a, b);  
7  
8 int c = 7, d = 8;  
9 multiply<int>(c, d);  
10  
11 multiply(c, d);
```



TEMPLATES - CLASSES

```
1 template <typename T> class Calc {  
2     public:  
3         T multiply(T x, T y);  
4         T add(T x, T y);  
5     };  
6  
7 template <typename T> T Calc<T>::multiply(T x, T y) {  
8     return x * y;  
9 }  
10  
11 template <typename T> T Calc<T>::add(T x, T y) {  
12     return x + y;  
13 }  
14  
15 int main() {  
16     double a = 4.0, b = 5.0;  
17     Calc<double> c;  
18     c.multiply(a, b);  
19 }
```

Templates need to be
defined in the same
compilation unit



TEMPLATES IN OPOSSUM

```
1 chunk.add_column(std::make_shared<ValueColumn<int>>());
2 chunk.add_column(std::make_shared<ValueColumn<float>>());
3
4 std::vector<std::shared_ptr<ValueColumn>> _columns;
5
6 std::vector<std::shared_ptr<ValueColumn<int>>> _columns;
7
8 std::vector<std::shared_ptr<BaseColumn>> _columns;
```



TEMPLATES - SPECIALIZATION

```
1 template <>
2 class vector<bool> {
3     // Bitmap;
4 }
```

```
1 template <int rows, int columns>
2 class Matrix {
3     // Normal matrix implementation
4 };
5
6 template <int rows>
7 class Matrix<rows, 1> {
8     // Special matrix implementation
9 };
```



RAII - MOTIVATION

```
1 int main() {  
2     ClassA* ca = new ClassA;  
3  
4     ca->someOperation();  
5     ca->someOperationB();  
6     ca->someOperationC();  
7  
8     delete ca;  
9 }
```

```
1 int main() {  
2     ClassA ca;  
3  
4     ca.someOperation();  
5     ca.someOperationB();  
6     ca.someOperationC();  
7 }
```



RAII - MOTIVATION

```
1 void write_to_file (const std::string & message) {  
2     static std::mutex mutex;  
3  
4     mutex.lock();  
5  
6     std::ofstream file("opossum.txt");  
7     if (!file.is_open())  
8         throw std::runtime_error("unable to open the  
9             opossum");  
10    file << message << std::endl;  
11  
12    mutex.unlock();  
13 }  
14 }
```



RAII - MOTIVATION

```
1 void write_to_file (const std::string & message) {  
2     static std::mutex mutex;  
3  
4     std::lock_guard<std::mutex> lock(mutex);  
5  
6     std::ofstream file("opossum.txt");  
7     if (!file.is_open())  
8         throw std::runtime_error("unable to open the  
9             opossum");  
10  
11    file << message << std::endl;  
12 }
```



RAII - BENEFITS

- ▶ Encapsulation
 - ▶ Resource management is centralized in class definition
- ▶ Safety
 - ▶ You cannot forget to delete / free a resource
 - ▶ Destructors are called during exception handling
- ▶ Locality
 - ▶ Constructor and destructor side by side



POINTERS - HAVE FUN KEEPING TRACK

```
1 SomeClass* scp = new SomeClass;  
2  
3 OtherClass* ocp = new OtherClass(scp);  
4 WeirdClass* wcp = new WeirdClass(scp);  
5  
6 scp = new SomeOtherClass;  
7  
8 delete scp;
```



SMART POINTERS - MOTIVATION

- ▶ Motivation: Lifetime management of objects
 - ▶ *new (malloc)* also includes declaration of ownership
 - ▶ Possibility to lose objects -> resource leaks
 - ▶ Copying of p -> observation of ownership necessary



SMART POINTERS - WHAT IS A SMART POINTER?

- ▶ Exactly mimics *regular* pointers' syntax and some semantics
 - ▶ Pointer-like behavior (proxy)
 - ▶ Ownership management
 - ▶ Transfer of ownership
 - ▶ Releasing objects
 - ▶ Transparent for the developer

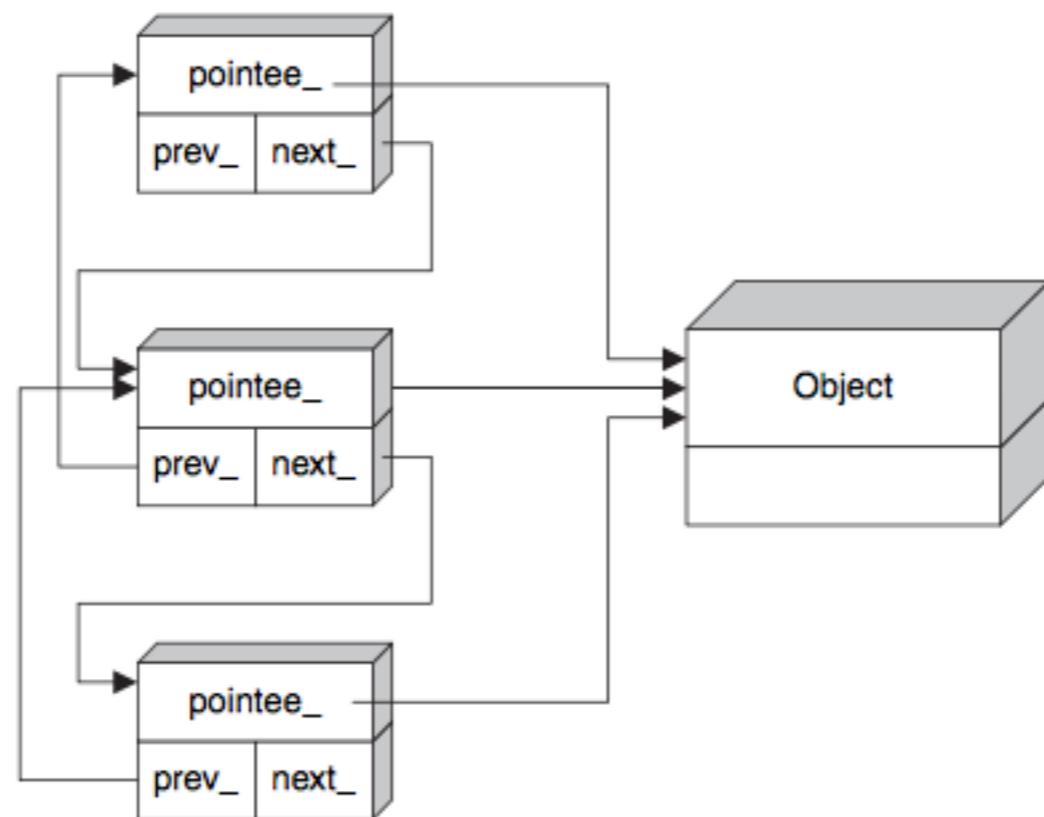


SMART POINTERS - SHARED OWNERSHIP HANDLING

- ▶ Ideas? - Standard does not specify an implementation
 - ▶ Deep Copy (Copy on Write)
 - ▶ Reference Linking



SMART POINTERS - REFERENCE LINKING





SMART POINTERS - OWNERSHIP HANDLING

- ▶ Ideas? - Standard does not specify an implementation
 - ▶ Deep Copy (Copy on Write)
 - ▶ Reference Linking
 - ▶ **Reference Counting**
 - ▶ ...

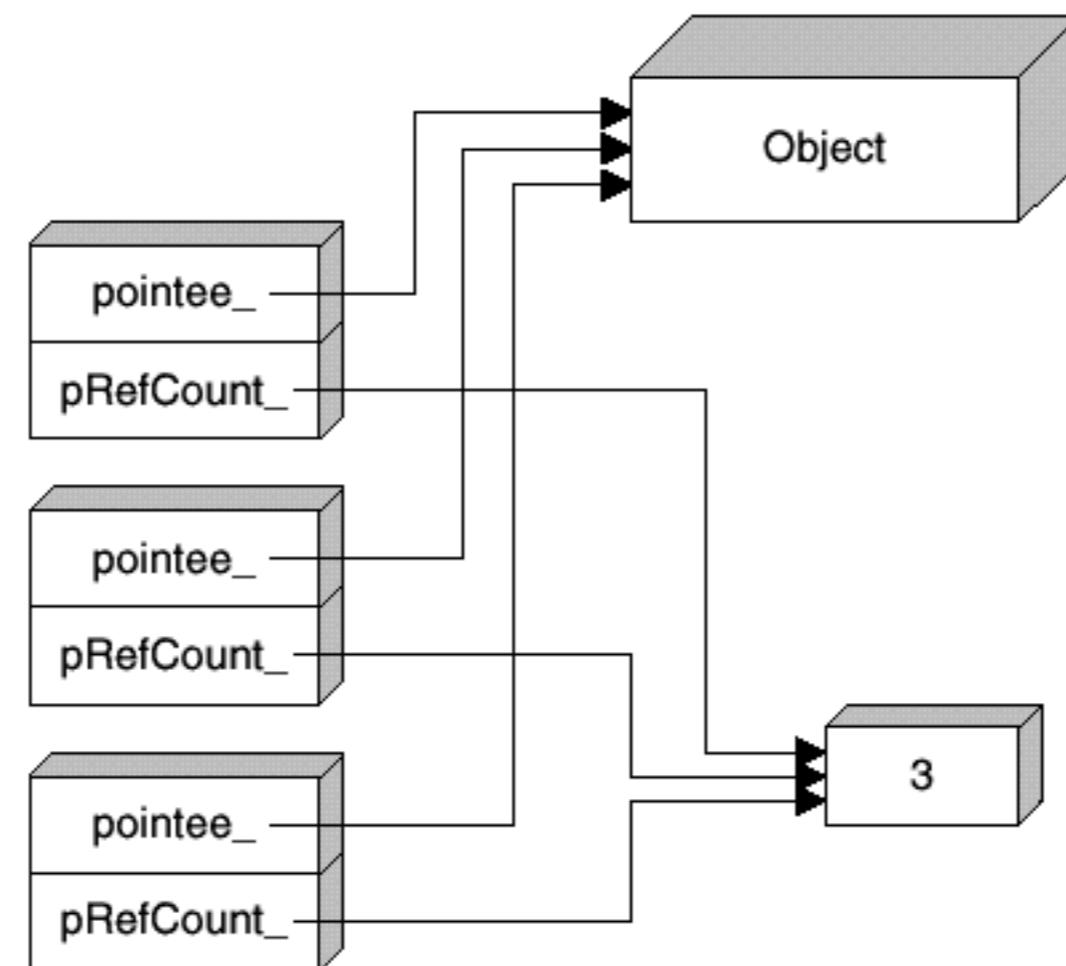


SMART POINTERS - REFERENCE COUNTING

- ▶ Issue with reference counting?
 - ▶ Overhead
 - ▶ Synchronization issues
- ▶ How to implement reference counting?

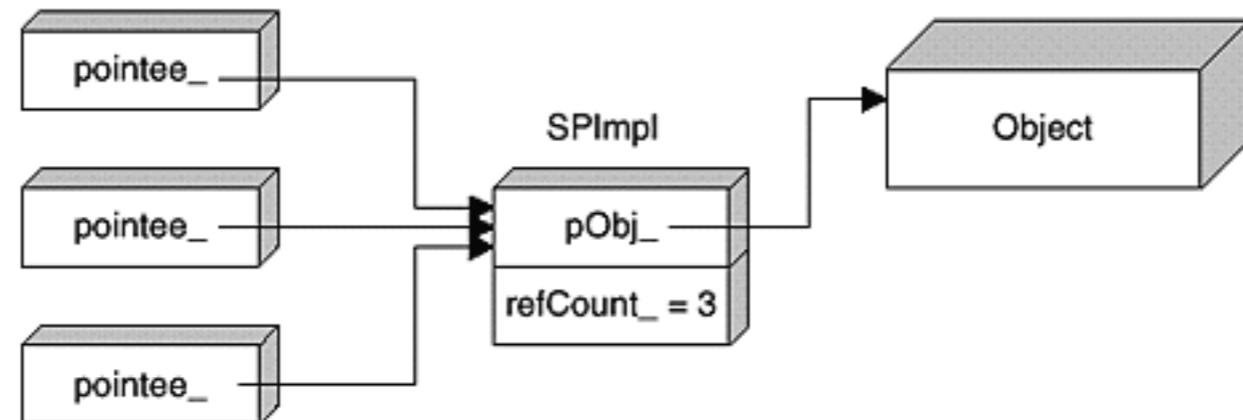


SMART POINTERS - REFERENCE COUNTING



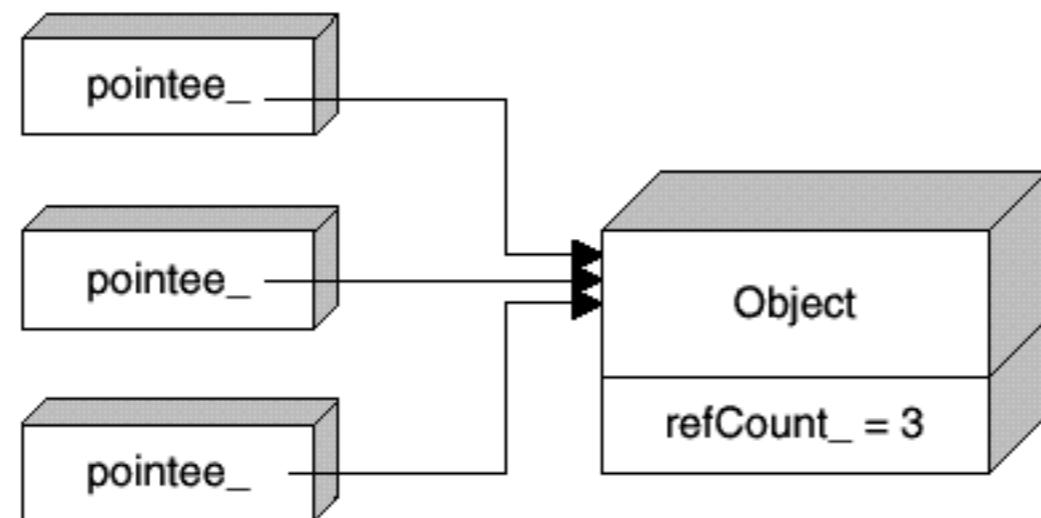


SMART POINTERS - REFERENCE COUNTING





SMART POINTERS - REFERENCE COUNTING





SMART POINTERS - REFERENCE COUNTING

A `shared_ptr<T>` contains a pointer of type `T*` and an object of type `_shared_count`. The `shared_count` contains a pointer of type `_Sp_counted_base*` which points to the object that maintains the reference-counts and destroys the managed resource.

gcc libstdc++ memory manual

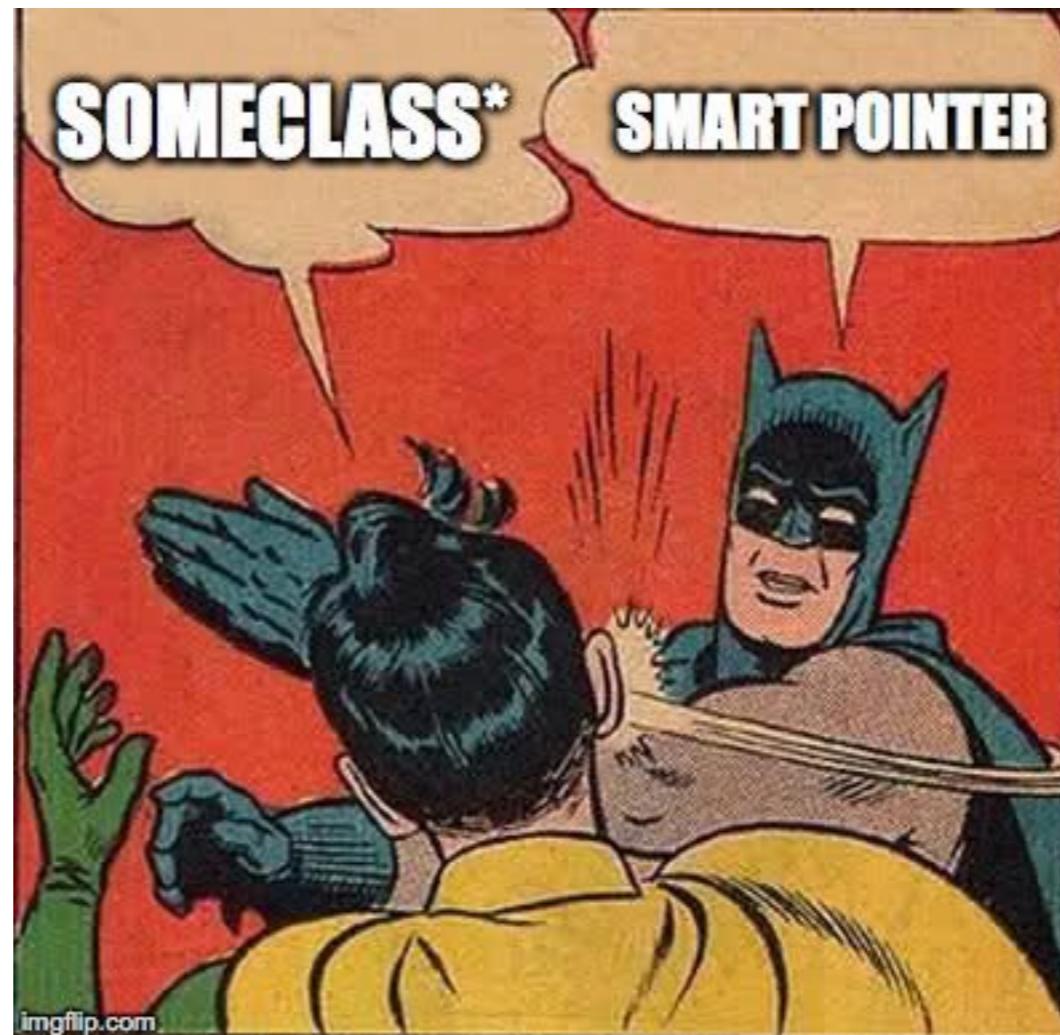


SMART POINTERS - C++

- ▶ Defined in <memory>
- ▶ std::unique_ptr<T>
 - ▶ Implicitly deleted copy constructor & copy assignment
- ▶ std::shared_ptr<T>
 - ▶ Reference counting
 - ▶ Thread safety?
- ▶ std::weak_ptr<T>
 - ▶ Does not affect ownership



SMART POINTERS



There is some variation to this rule. We will get into this later.



SMART POINTERS - STD HELPERS

- ▶ `std::make_shared` - why?
 - ▶ Single memory allocation
 - ▶ `std::shared_ptr<T>(new T(args...))`
 - ▶ ~~Exception safety:~~
 - ▶ ~~f(std::shared_ptr<int>(new int(42)), g())~~
- ▶ `std::make_unique`
 - ▶ Exception safety, convenience and consistency



SMART POINTERS - CONSTNESS

```
1      auto p1 = std::make_shared<const SomeClass>();
2 const auto p2 = std::make_shared<      SomeClass>();
3 const auto p3 = std::make_shared<const SomeClass>();
4
5 p1->ConstMemberFunction();
6 p1->NonConstMemberFunction();
7
8 p2->NonConstMemberFunction();
9 p2 = std::make_shared<SomeClass>();
10
11 p3->ConstMemberFunction();
12 p3->NonConstMemberFunction();
13 p3 = std::make_shared<const SomeClass>();
```



SMART POINTERS - CONSTNESS

```
1      auto p1 = std::make_shared<const SomeClass>();
2 const auto p2 = std::make_shared<      SomeClass>();
3 const auto p3 = std::make_shared<const SomeClass>();
4
5 p1->ConstMemberFunction();
6 p1->NonConstMemberFunction();
7
8 p2->NonConstMemberFunction();
9 p2 = std::make_shared<SomeClass>();
10
11 p3->ConstMemberFunction();
12 p3->NonConstMemberFunction();
13 p3 = std::make_shared<const SomeClass>();
```



- ▶ Code review information
- ▶ Compression and encoding
- ▶ Presentation of sprint 2